THE BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

VOL. XXI. CLOVERPORT, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1896. NO 2.

WHY WE FAVOR IT.

Out of the Wisdom of Man Came the Use of Two Metals for Us as Money, To be Coined at a Ratio of 16 to 1.

At This Ratio the Amount of Gold and Silver in the World Is Exactly Equal and Has Always Been That Way.

IT IS MINED OUT OF THE EARTH AT THAT RATIO.

Dealers in Money Have Caused One-half of the Money of the World to be Destroyed that They Might the Easier Corner the Balance.

By Making Money Scarce They Make It More Valuable and They Are Thus Enabled to Reduce the Price of Labor and Products.

WE WANT FREE COINAGE of BOTH METALS.

You have asked me why I favor the free coinage of silver. My reply is as follows:

Bimetallism—the right to use either of two metals for money—is a financial system born out of the ineetlish wisdom of mankind. There are scientific truths to support it.

Money is a necessity to civilization. When a thing becomes a necessity there should be a normal quantity of it There is a necessity for so much breadstuff, and we meet a demand for it by creating a normal supply. Money is made by law. There is no such thing as money without the law designating something as such. To create a normal supply of money, the laws must designate a substance of sufficient quantity from which money may be coined.

If a normal supply cannot be obtained from the substance selected by law from which primary money is to be coined, there will be a scarcity of that necessity to civilization, the greatest of all necessities—money. In selecting precious metals, by law, from which money is to be make, the selection is made from a limited product To give you an idea how limited it is I will say statistical reports show that there is about $4,000,000,000 of gold in the world available for use as money, and $4,000,000,000 of silver in the world available for use as money. That is after ages of delving in the earth for these precious metals, this is the quantity now of each in existance available for use as money. The quantity of gold above named—all there is in the world available for use as money—will go in the space of twenty-two feet each way. All of the silver in the world available for use as money will go in the space of sixty-six feet each way. Politicians may roll figures off their tongues as liberally as they wish, but after all is said this is the result. A cube of sixty-six feet in silver is in the world available for use as money.

If we select gold alone as money, the next thing to consider is the demand for money. We have seen what the supply is, and the next question is the demand. The notes, bonds and mortgages payable in gold, issued by the city of Chicago, its inhabitants, corporations, including railways terminating there, in the aggregate amount to as much as all the gold in the world available for use as money.

The railway bonds, payable in gold, of the United States amount to 5,000,000,000. This is $1,000,000,000 more than all the gold in the world available for use as money, and the railway indebtness is but a drop in the bucket of the gold indebtedness of the world. A healthy reserve maintained by all of the gold governments of the world to float their representative money will require more gold than there is in the world; and to the extent that they are unable to maintain such a reserve they must curtail their quantity of representative money and hold the total volume of money below the normal quantity necessary for civilization. All banking systems in the world floating representative money must likewise maintain a gold reserve to float their outstanding paper and token money. This only contemplates money reserves, and we see that it leaves none for circulation among the people. No substance should be selected as the sole material of our primary money that does not contemplate its being in the possession of the people and circulating among them.

No material should be selected as the primary money of the people that is so limited in quantity as to be capable of being cornered by those who make it a business of selecting money as the property in which they deal. To do so places civilization at the mercy of the money dealers. In the discussion of the money question you should never lose sight of the fact that money is a necessity to civilization.

Out of the wisdom of man came the use of two metals for us as money, these metals to be coined into money at a ratio in weight of 16 to 1, or in the ratio provided from time to time. The option was given by law for the people to use money made from either metal, neither redeemable in the other, but each of itself money. The option was with the debtor, the persons setting the money in motion. The debtor used the one most accessible, so if silver became the cheaper the demand was shifted to it, and this brought it back to a parity with gold, or vice versa.

The two metals together, both limited in quantity, furnish a larger volume of money and a more stable supply than either alone can. As the demand draws first on one and then on the other, there is an elasticity and a dual strength to the financial system thus arranged. With gold and silver both as money, one relieves the strain upon the other. One is in competition with the other to supply the demand when the law is adjusted to bimetallism.

For all useful purposes that cater to the desire of man in the arts and sciences, sixteen parts of silver are as valuable as one part of gold. If neither were used as money, it is reasonable to suppose that sixteen parts of silver would be worth more than one part of gold. Silver possesses substantially all of the qualities of gold. The two metals are similar in nearly all respects. They are both durable; neither will stain, corrode or rust.

The statement so frequently heard that the stamp of the Government on a metal does not add to its value is a common error into which many people fall. Under bimetallism the mints are open to the free coinage of all that comes—of both gold and silver—and the people have the right to use either as money in the payment of taxes, purchases and in all the transactions of life where money is required. The stamp of the Government. It is true, is not what gives value to the metal, but it is the demand for the metal for use as money, as the law was provided, that gives to such metal its value. The law, by making it money, has made the demand, and it is the demand that adds to its value

Under the present law gold has the unlimited right of way as money, and all the demand is on gold, and the bimetallic option has been taken away from silver. The mints are open to the coinage of all the gold that will come, and the debtor has no option by which he can use gold or silver at his pleasure; he is confined to gold alone. This is monometallism' It cuts all the demand on gold and takes the demand from silver. It bulls the price of gold and bears the price of silver. Under bimetallism the demand shifts at the will of the debtor. Under this shifting demand the two metals for the three hundred years that we have for statistical history of, prior to 1873, did not vary in commercial parity more than 3 per cent. And during that time there were periods when the world's production of silver was $2 to 1 of gold, and at other periods $1 of gold to 1 of silver. The supply of each, however, being limited, the demand maintained the commercial parity. Since 1873 and for the twenty two years that have elapsed the world's production of the two metals has been about dollar for dollar, and yet, the demand having been taken from silver by all the leading governments of the world, the commercial parity between gold and silver has been broken 50 per cent.

It is a common statement that silver is now legal tender to any amount. This is not true. The Bland-Allison act of 1878, that restored to silver its legal tender quality, had a proviso: "Except where otherwise provided in the contract." This gave the creditor the option as to which money he would receive when he could dictate the terms in which a note or bond is payable, in gold. The act of 1873 demonetized silver for us, and the act of 1878 drove a knife through the corpse of bimetallism. It authorized contracts that destroyed the vital principle in bimetallism.

It is a common statement that free coinage of silver will run gold out of circulation, Bimetallism contemplates that from time to time one or the other of the metals will be hard to get and will go out of circulation. It is the right to use either metal and the fact that the other metal is accessible and may be used that constitutes the principal merit of bimetallism. There is a calamity when one metal goes out of circulation, if it is the only metal the law has provided for use as primary money. But there is safety in one of the metals going out of circulation if the other metal is accessible, the mints open to its free coinage, and the people have the option to use it.

Gold is now out of circulation. There is no gold among the people. It is cornered in the bank vaults. It is leaving us to go to Europe to pay $250,000,000 annually as interest on our gold debts, authorized by the act of 1878. Under the gold standard it is only a question of time when all our gold will leave us. We produce about $40,000,000 a year of gold and are sending $250,000 000 a year to Europe as interest on debts of ours held by foreigners. Every dollar shipped back to us in borrowed gold that is increasing our gold debt to Europe and intensifying the situtlon. It means that in the future more gold must be annually shipped to Europe to pay our increasing gold interest. It means that we have committed ourselves to an erroneous financial system and that the longer it lasts the greater our suffering must be in the end

The gist of the financial question is in this: The men who deal in money are interested in making the property they deal in more and more valuable. This is a natural instinct in the dealers of any property. A cattleman of Kansas who owns 10,000 head of cattle knows that he could make his 10,000 head of cattle worth considerably more to him if he could cause the sudden death of half of the other cattle in the world. The money dealer understands this principle, and knowing that money is made by law, he has gone where the law is made and caused the destruction of one-half of the money of the world. He is a dealer in money—it is the property he studies. When he makes his money so valuable that it will buy more and more of your property and mine he is the gainer. When the farmer's wheat exchanges for less and less money the farmer grows relatively poorer than the man who owns the money The unfortunate circumstances that adds additional gravity to the situation is that the money dealer deals in a property upon which all civilization is depending. It is the blood of civilization in which he deals, and when he absorbs it he strangles civilization. When he depletes the arteries of commerce by hoarding about him this blood of civilization society, arts, commerce, civilization itself, is affected.

Free coinage of silver will relieve the strain on gold and break the grip of the money lender, whose fingers are now mercilessly tightening around the throat of this government. All is at stake in the struggle—our families, society and Republic itself.—W. H Harvey in N Y. Journal.

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need, in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and thus builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do my own work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 12 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." Mrs. M. M. Messenger, Freehold, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

Clothes That Count.
(Pikeville Times Union)

Shirt sleeves will figure more in this campaign than dress coats.

The People Will See About It.
(Republican Platform)

We are opposed to the free coinage of silver. * * * The existing gold standard must be preserved.

Thanking for Themselves.
[St. Louis Post-Dispatch]

The people this year will not follow mercenalous leaders with great names. They are thinking for themselves.

Henry Watterson's Predictions.
(Atlanta Constitution)

Colonel Watterson's political predictions are just as lurid this year as ever, and just about as likely to come true.

Won't They?
[Washington Post.]

Some of the bolting newspapers will be sorry when they see the Bryan children sliding down the White House cellar door.

The Candidate Fits the Platform.
(Atlanta Constitution.)

This year the candidate fits the platform He was born a Democrat and has lived a Democratic life—a life of purity and sincerity.

Satan Will Get 'Em.
[Atlanta Constitution.]

The Democratic party is playing the devil—Goldbug exchange.

And the devil is going to get all the goldbugs.

Come On With Your Panic,
(Atlanta Constitution.)

We cordially invite the money power to start its threatened panic This would absolutely settle the hash of the McKinley-Hanna trust. It is pretty well settled now, but a panic would prove to be the finishing stroke.

Murray Is the Man.
(Meade County Messenger.)

The Hon David R. Murray made a stirring speech at Ekron last Saturday. His views were enthusiastically received and it was the comment all through the crowd "Mr. Murray is the man to represent us in the next Congress"

Chickens Come Home To Roost.
(Raleigh News and Observer.)

'Chickens come home to roost." The gold papers call all free silver advocates "anarchists." Since Herr Most, the biggest anarchist of the crowd, has declared for gold, these journals are suggesting that argument is better than abuse.

How Is The Fisherman?
(Arkansas Gazette.)

Mr. Herbert, the secretary of the navy, is the first member of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet to announce that he will not support Mr Bryan. While it makes little difference what he does, the people would like to hear from Mr. Herbert's chief, the fisherman of Buzzard's Bay.

A Harmless Bugaboo.
(Buffalo, N. Y., Evening Times)

The cry of national distress if the Democratic ticket is elected is a harmless bugaboo. But the laborer, the mechanic, the artisan, the professional man they have not plenty of money. They have difficulty in securing money. They are the ones who are dissatisfied with existing conditions. And are they not the ones who make up the great majority of the American people?

A Depressing Fact.
[New York World.]

During the fiscal year closing with June 30 exports exceeded imports of merchandise by $102,000,000. This is gratifying to all who are interested in the welfare of the country, but it must be very depressing to orators who have been preparing to mourn over the calamity of "an adverse trade balance."

No Dealer In Platitudes.
(Los Angeles Herald.)

Bryan is fertile in reason and frankness, not evasion and ambiguity. He is no dealer in platitudes, ancient and meaningless; what he says he means and what he means can be understood by all No boss-ridden convention thrust him on an unwilling party, but without intrigue, chicanery, premeditation or one dollar of corruption he was made the nominee of the greatest and grandest party the country has ever known. He is the unpledged candidate of an untrammeled convention.

Little Desire For a Third Ticket.
(New York World.)

The World prints to-day highly interesting dispatches from the Chairman of the Democratic County Committees in this State on the political situation and the feelings of Democratic voters in regard to the Chicago platform and ticket. Their report is quite general that the knife of clevage cuts both ways on the silver question. There is apparently very little desire for a third ticket.

His Course a Living Lie.
[New Orleans States.]

All the world loves and admires an honest and courageous man. All the world despises a hypocrite and a coward. Judged by this canon, what must all the men who knew the record of Wm. McKinley, the Republican nomul money candidate for the presidency, think o him? His whole political course has been a living lie. He has been true to nothing because he has never had an honest manly conviction on eny great question. He is the highest type of the Arkansas statesman and candidate, who, having addressed his fellow citizens and receiving no applause, added: Fellow citizens, them's my views; but if they don't suit they kin be changed."

Poor Blood

is starved blood. It shows itself in pale cheeks, white lips, weak digestion, no appetite, exhaustion, lack of nerve force, soft muscles, and, chief of all, weak muscles. Your doctor calls it Anaemia. He will tell you that the weakening weather of summer often brings it on.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites, will make poor blood rich. It is a food for over-taxed and weak digestion, so prepared that it can easily be taken in summer when Cod-liver Oil or even ordinary foods might repel.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York
For sale at 50c. and $1.00 by all druggists.

All Are Business Men
[Bryan's Speech]

We say to you that you have made too limited in its application the definition of business man. The man who is employed for wages is as much a business man as his employer. (Continued cheering.) The attorney in a country town is as much a business man as the corporation counsel in a great metropolis. The merchant at a cross-roads store is as much a business man as the merchant of New York. The Farmer who goes forth in the morning and toils all day, begins in the spring and toils all summer, and by the application of brain and muscle to the natural resources of this country creates wealth, is a business man. The man who goes upon the board of trade and bets upon the price of grain.

"The miners who go a thousand feet into the earth or climb 2,000 feet upon the ell ff and bring forth from their hiding places the precious metals to be poured in the channels of trade are as much business men as the few financial magnates who in a back room corner the money of the world.

"We come to speak for this broader class of business men."

Rank Financial Folly.
[New York Recorder.]

Gold-standard champions of the most ultra school admit that as the country grows in population and business the volume of its currency must be increased, or there will be trouble. But within the last two years the circulation of the country has been diminished by $161,000,000. To keep pace with the country's growth the circulation should instead have been increased by $45,000,000. This means, if it is to be kept up, a yearly contraction of the money volume on which all business is done of about $100,000,000 a year That will never do for a settled policy. Cleveland thinks it is statesmanship, no doubt Every intelligent student of the science of money knows it is rank folly. It would eventually ruin all business.

Points of Recommendation.
Meade County Messenger.

The Hon David R. Murray is a candidate for Congress in the Fourth Congressional District. His card appears in this issue. He briefly defines his position to the Democratic voters. He is opposed to a fight within his own party. He places the success of his party paramount to his own. His views and conclusions have all been reached with a view to harmony and the ultimate success of his party. Mr. Murray's views on the currency question are too well known to be defined here. His opinions are in accord with the policy of the late convention. Mr. Murray has been a lifelong Democrat and has ever stood as the embodiment of its principles. He has done valiant service for the cause and has proved himself a good man in the fight, willing, ready and always trustworthy, ready to take any part and he was sure to perform that part well. In our honest opinion he's a man with great promise of usefulness and honor. He has especially for valuable service to the party and the public. Its understands how to beat present a political truth to reach the popular mind, which is a great faculty. He is a man of mind and soul, genial, earnest, persuasive, firm in declarations but without terms of denunciation to those who honestly differ with him. His advocates according in his judgment, but wants it to be a fight for principle and not for men. A contest, a struggle for principle is to be commended, but not a warfare between contending persons. Mr. Murray aspects support, but only as deemed to the good of the party.

ROYAL Baking Powder.
Highest of all in leavening strength.—U.S. Government Report.

W. D. CAIN LUMBER COMPANY

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LARGE STOCK OF

LUMBER, LATHS, SHINGLES, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, Iron and Steel Roofing, BRICK,

And a general line of Building Material.

Prices Reasonable. Estimates Furnished.
Correspondence Solicited.

W. D. CAIN LUMBER CO.,
IRVINGTON, KY.

Reaping Results of the Gold Policy
[The New York Financial News.]

Wall street is getting down to business and beginning to feel the result of the stagnation throughout the country which has been the inevitable outcome of twenty-three years of the gold policy—a policy not of laws but of men, a policy of administration not made by the laws but by dictation of great interests. A policy which has sacrificed the productive interests of the county to those engaged in promoting the floating of great debts. People talk about the "silver craze," the "greenback craze" and all sorts of crazes. The country is suffering the natural results of the bond craze, which has run up to $20,000,000,000, under a financial policy which has cut down the earning power of the people, restricted their exchanges and reduced to zero the net earnings of producers. It is out of these net earnings alone that good business can be made for our vast railway system—half that of the world—and at the bottom every dollar of debt created on railways and on every other interest in the country, must be paid out of net earnings of producers. No net earnings means no pay. The quicker the country drops the business of edncation itself on a theory that a continuation of the policy of further piling up interest-bearing debt on terms which restrict our power to earn money to meet interest and principal, or that fastening upon ourselves a policy that cripples our powers of production and exchange is a good thing for existing securities, the quicker we will get on the road to better times' to conditions which improve the incomes of 75,000,000 of people, and then we can improve the incomes of all their institutions.

They Are Solters
[Bowling Green Times.]

I, t no man, who makes up his mind to follow in the wake of the Courier-Journal, be deceived into believing that he is not a bolter. All over the country the Democratic masses met in conventions in which both gold and silver men participated. When the verdict was rendered and the result cast up it was found that the great majority of the Democratic party favored the free and unlimited coinage of silver and their representatives were so instructed.

It is too late, after the gold men have done all in their power to change that verdict, for them to say that they took no part in the nomination of a candidate at Chicago. Up to the time of the balloting the Eastern delegates were eager to vote on every proposition and took part in every step of the convention. Finding that they were unable to reverse the will of the people as expressed in their tents and refused to participate in a nomination. By every rule of party discipline every Democrat is bound to support the ticket and every man who severs his connection with his party now can no longer claim to be a Democrat The Chicago Convention has written the party law and those who repudiate it are bolters and can no longer claim to be Democrats.

Among His Friends.
(Atlanta Constitution.)

Herr Most, the apostle of anarchy in this country, has taken his stand with the gold party.

A Chance to Make Money.

I have berries, grapes and peaches, a year old, fresh as when picked, I use the California Cold process, do not heat or seal the fruit, just put it up cold, keeps perfectly fresh, and costs almost nothing; can put up a bushel in ten minutes. Last week I sold directions to over 120 families; anyone will pay a dollar for directions, when they see the beautiful samples of fruit. As there are many people poor like myself, I consider it my duty to give my experience to such, and feel confident any one can make one or two hundred dollars round home in a few days. I will mail sample of fruit and complete directions, to any of your readers, for eighteen two-cent stamps, which is only the actual cost of the samples, postage, etc, to me.

FRANCIS CASEY, St. Louis, Mo.

As She Figured It.

"Orlando," she said, "I am afraid you are getting tired of having me ask you for money."

"Well, you see" he answered, "I have a good deal of expense to meet just at this time of year and it does seem once in awhile that women don't make enough allowances for that sort of thing."

"Well," she answered, "I've thought of a way that will do it all very nicely."

"What is it?"

"When ever you go to the barber shop and the boy brushes you off, you give him a dime, don't you?"

"Yes,

"And when you are away from home at a hotel and a boy brings you ice water you give him a dime."

"yes."

"And a mixed drink costs 15 cents.

"Of course."

"Well, you've often said that women have no head for arithmetic, but I am going to convince you to the contrary. I am going to turn to make your favorite mixed drinks That'll be 15 cents day. Then I'll bring you ice water in the morning. That'll be 10 cents. And then I'll brush your clothes off with a whisk broom, and that'll be 10 cents more. There's 35 cents a day. I've figured it all out on this little piece of paper. Three hundred and sixty five days in a year, that's 365 times 35, which makes $127 75. If you will give me that without my asking for it, just as you do the bell boys and the bartender, I can put it with my regular housekeeping allowance and manage to get along much better."—Detroit Free Press.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed in the spring, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the blood of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal illness fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, indigestion, constipation, dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. Only fifty cents per bottle at Short & Haynes' drug store.

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Wharfmasters & Steamboat Agents.
CLOVERPORT, ... KENTUCKY.

Local Agents

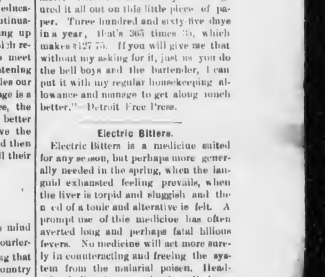
Homestead Fertilizer Company and Standard Oil Company.

Dealers in

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Yellow Pine Flooring and Ceiling, Weather Boarding, Shingles, Salt, Lime, Cement, Laths, Plaster, Plastering Hair, Plow Handles, Bricks, Etc.

Estimates Furnished for Buildings and Building Material.

GROVES



TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 18, 1895.
Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVES TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 15 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Chill Tonic. Yours truly,
ASHBY, CARR & CO.

BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

Jno. D. & V. G. Babbage, Editors and Propriet'rs

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1896.

Subscription Price $1.00 a Year in Advance, if Paid at the End of the Year $1.25.

SIX PAGES

FLOP AWAY.

Flop, little goldbug—
Flop away;
You'll catch a fish
In Buzzard's Bay.

You'll catch a fish
With a golden hook;
But he won't be seaved
By the white house cook

You'll catch a fish
When your hair is gray—
Flop little goldbug,
Flop Away!

—Atlan'a Constitution

We are sorry the Hon David B. Hill is no longer a Democrat.

Bimetallism has been a principle of Democracy for more than a hundred years.

It is so hot up in Meade county that they are boiling eggs in the ponds to save stove wood.

There are four or five good Democrats in Stephensport that we are awful sorry to see standing off.

The idea of Ludwell Alexander Foote, a life-long Democrat, voting for McKinley. It is too bad.

If the silver agitation has done nothing more it has prevented a bond issue, at least, until after the November election.

Several sound money Democrats in this county have already expressed their intention of supporting the Chicago ticket.

Mr. A. Heron, Sup't. of the Breckenridge Company, has the thanks of many Cloverporters for courtesies extended on his road.

There is no man in this town who has more friends than Grant Gregory, and they are all in sympathy with him in his great affliction.

A poll of the voters at the Stephensport picnic last Saturday stood; Bryan, 91; McKinley, 45; Sound money Democrats, 7; Doubtful, 11.

Bert Cunningham says he is a full-fledged candidate for jailer of this county. And Scott Cart says he is right after him with whip and spur

Smith Waggoner the Populist Evangelist is strong for Bryan. We knew Smith would get into the Democratic fold. All he wanted was a little time.

The report comes from Frankfort that Governor Bradley thinks he will call an extra session of the Legislature, and take steps to abolish the Eddyville penitentiary.

A third ticket in the field, calling itself Democratic, would meet with insult from the best element in the Democratic party to-day, and would not be countenanced from any quarter.

You needn't mention it, but the Republicans are the worst scared set of fellows you ever saw. They are trying to keep a stiff upper lip but its quiver gives them away.

The way to keep cool this weather is to quit drinking whisky, looking at the thermometer and running after the ice wagon, especially when the latter has a runaway mule hitched to it.

The Populists at St. Louis last week nominated W. J. Bryan for President and Thomas E. Watson, of Georgia, for Vice President. The National Silver Party nominated Bryan and Sewall.

We are satisfied that if this sweltering weather continues there won't be a goldbug left to tell the story by November. The way they are flopping their wings and crying for Bryan and the shade is amusing.

Colonel Sam Sulzer is one of the most hopeful Republicans we have met since the Chicago Convention. He says Indiana will give McKinley 50,000 majority. We don't believe one word of it, Colonel.

The Hon. Vicifimus Basterfield Burton and Judge Virgil Gilbert Babbage opened up the campaign in a joint debate out at West View last Saturday. They do say that the Katie Dids have ceased to sing in that neighborhood since.

Some people are censuring Dave Murray because he don't get out and make a scramble for the nomination. We think he is showing his good sense by staying at home. Who can blame a man for not running after an office in this kind of weather?

The steamer, H. F. Frisbie is coming up the river with a Cuban flag floating from her flagstaff. It is the first ever seen on the Ohio, and is attracting much attention, and being received enthusiastically by the people on both sides of the river. Capt. Frank Farnsly's motto is "Liberty First, Last and all the time."

There are a number of Republicans who will swear that the News didn't make a fair count of the poll given at the Stephensport picnic. But it is a true count all the same and we'll swear that we wasn't looking for it. The number of Republicans who express themselves as going to support Bryan is actually surprising.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The goldbug papers in the Democratic party to-day make up their stock in trade principally by heaping abuse upon those who differ with them on the money question. The good people in the country too, who have a right to do their own thinking on the question, are letting such papers drop, as their subscriptions expire.

The Democratic bolters at Chicago have decided to call another convention in the near future, they say, to put up a candidate for President He will not be a Democrat because no one has the authority to call a convention now to nominate a candidate for President, as a Democrat, that work having already been done and accomplished at Chicago.

Grover Cleveland went into the White House four years ago on a platform, which, on behalf of a majority of the people of this country, pledged numerous reforms which they never got, and which were never attempted. So it is the Chicago ticket will win because it is led by a man who has fearlessly fought for the people's rights, and who has always been too brave to be led around by the money kings.

I am an intense silver man. I believe in the principle thoroughly. I am not second to my leader in my advocacy of free silver. I have had heartfelt convictions on the subject for a long time. It is the relief that the people demand, and the Democratic party is the party to give it to them. The Democratic party is the party of the many and not of the few.—Arthur Sewall, Democratic nominee for Vice President.

Every person—big little old or young black or white, rich or poor—who has ever used Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey pronounce it the best cough and lung remedy on earth. It's true, too; so all dealers guarantee it.

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS RY.

The Great Through Car Route Via Lookout Mountain.

The equipment and service of this line is equal to any in the country, and carries the traveler through the most picturesque portion of the South. More than fifty famous battlefields and five National cemeteries are located on and near this great railway system between Hickman, Ky., Nashville, Tenn, and Atlanta, Ga. Take this route to Chattanooga for the famous Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Park.

The Dixie Flyer Through Sleeping Cars are run between Nashville and Jacksonville, Fla, the year round via Chattanooga, Lookout Mountain, Atlanta, Macon, etc. Solid trains carrying through sleepers between Cincinnati, Louisville and Atlanta, and through sleeping cars between St. Louis and Atlanta, to be extended to run between St. Louis and Jacksonville, Fla, during the winter tourist season.

For information with reference to the resources, climate, soil, water power, timber, location for manufactories and for colonies or homes for thrifty settlers, write J. B. Killebrew, Immigration Agent, Nashville, Tenn.

For information as to rates, through car service, etc., write R. C. Cowardin, Western Pass. Agent, Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo.; Briard F. Hill, Northern Pass. Agent, 328 Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill.; D. J. Mullaney, Eastern Pass. Agent, 59 W. Fourth St. Cincinnati, O.; J. H. Latimer, Southeastern Pass Agent, Atlanta, Ga.; J. L. Edmondson, Southern Pass. Agent, Chattanooga, Tenn.

W. L. Danley,
G. P. & T. A., Nashville, Tenn.

Dr. Bell's Peppermint Chill Tonic is a perfect liver regulator—anti-malarial and blood purifier. Removes biliousness without purging. Cures chills and makes the complexion good. Guaranteed by all dealers.

GARRETT.

Mrs. Somers and Mrs. Roby Are Quite Sick—Mrs. McCarty Has Gone Home.

P. T. Noel, of Brandenburg, was here Friday.

R. E. Ensor, of Ekron, was here Wednesday.

Tom Hamilton, of Brandenburg, was here Wednesday.

Misses Eva Buckler and Dora Funk went to Garnettsville Monday.

Mr. Berry and wife, of Flaharty, spent Sunday with J. G. Roby and wife.

Mrs. Buckler spent Thursday evening with Mrs Somers, who is quit sick.

Miss Dora Funk went to Louisville Friday to visit her uncle, Mr. Charlie Patton.

J. C. Crutcher went to West Point Thursday to visit his brother, Dr. Will Crutcher.

J. T. Collins and wife, of Flaharty, were the guests of W. W. Miles and family Sunday.

Mrs. J. G. Roby is right sick at this writing, but we hope will be up in a short time.

Mrs. McCarty, of Vine Grove, returned home Friday, after a visit to J. C. Crutcher and sisters.

The eagle, the king of all birds, is noted for its keen sight, clear and distinct vision So are those persons who use Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve for weak eyes, styes of any kind or granulated lids. Sold by all dealers.

L. H. & W. TIME TABLE.
GOING WEST.
Passenger Daily arr. Hardinsburg..12·21 p.m
GOING EAST.
Passenger Daily arr. Hardinsburg 7:34 a.m

HARDINSBURG.

Politics is Warming up—Sam Marshall is at Home on a Visit—Institute Notes

Eldred Pate has a new bicycle.

Lee Meyer went to Louisville Saturday.

Miss Maggie Smith is visiting at Garfield.

Bate Herndon, Irvington, was here last Friday.

Miss Maggie Brodie is visiting Miss Alice Baker.

Miss Eliza Hook, Garfield, is visiting Miss Tula Hook.

Miss Irene Board is visiting Miss Essie Board at Custer.

Miss Eva Cashman, Union Star, is visiting Mrs. Cunningham.

Percy Taylor, of Russellville, Ky., was here a few days last week.

Marion Pumphrey, West View, has purchased a $40 00 bicycle.

Johnnie Kincheloe will teach the Union Star school this fall.

Take the News if you want to keep posted on the silver movement.

Miss Flora Smith has been visiting in the country for the last three weeks.

Miss Mary Snyder has just returned from a visit to Miss Lula Snyder, Custer.

Miss Lucy May gave a social party to a number of young friends last Friday night.

Mrs. McGuffin, of Constantine, is here this week visiting her son, Robert McGuffin.

The Cloverport kid nine came out here last Saturday and got badly done up.

Profs. Roberts and Kerrick arrived here Monday to work up interest in the B. N. C.

The Chinese Missionary will lecture at the Methodist church South to-morrow night.

Misses Bessie Snyder and Annie West are visiting Miss Mary Snyder at Phillip Durham's.

A. M. Pulliam was here this week. He is traveling for an accident Life Insurance Company.

I. E. McClure, Leitchfield, was here Monday. He was trying to revive the Hardinsburg Leader.

Owen Cunningham, Judge Abl and Jesse Whitworth attended the Stephensport picnic Saturday.

Sam Marshall, who has been in Illinois for some time, is at home on a visit. He expects to return in a few weeks.

Reports from the interior of the county are that a good deal of wheat has been damaged by being left in the shock.

Owen Cunningham has been elected a delegate to the State Sunday School Convention from the M E. church South.

Matthias Miller and Mrs. Dr. Milton Board went to Owensboro, last week to see Mr. Monarch's little child, which was dangerously ill.

Misses Rebecca Owings and Susie Elder, who have been attending school here several months, returned to their home at Woolf Creek last Sunday.

V. B. Burton was in town a few days last week. It was his first appearance here since his trip to the St. Louis Republican Convention. Mr. Burton is enthusiastic for his ticket and doubtless will be heard from on the stump between now and the election.

The apostles of free silver and sound money are to be seen and heard on almost every corner of the town. This place is head quarters for the politicians too. It will not be long until you can be able to tell how every district in the county will stand on the financial question here, so interested are the boys.

The following suits have been filed in Circuit Court since last May: Breckenridge county vs J. S. DeJernette & Co., Chintz Royalty vs Beard & Beeler, Boone Embrey vs Julia Embrey, Rebecca Miller vs Wm. Robertson, Sarah C. Stults vs Frank Stults, J. B. Gibson vs Ben Lay, and Ben F. Payne and Edward S. Davis vs Amanda Davis.

TEACHER'S INSTITUTE NOTES.

Teaching penmanship, is a thing that has been too much neglected in the public schools.

The Hardinsburg Public School will be conducted this year by Prof. K. Harman, and Mr. M. E. Avitt.

Prof. J. C. Pirtle, of Buffalo, Ky., delivered an interesting address to the teachers on Wednesday night.

Miss Nellie Simons, of Cloverport, read an interesting paper on the subject of "The Importance of Attention."

Prof. Roberts, of Meade county, and Prof. Kerrick, of McLean county, have been employed to teach in the B N. C. Hardinsburg.

Herbert Beard exhibited some valuable ideas on the importance of "The Study of History" in an essay prepared by him Thursday.

Wallace Gray, Meade county, came to the front Wednesday morning with an original poem, entitled "A Pen Picture." It brought down the house.

J. R. Coyle, Leitchfield; R. H. Spurlar, Short Creek; H. C. Truman, Fordsville; S. C. Stephens, Beavardam, were among the visiting teachers.

Dr. Milton Board lectured to the Institute Friday on "Temperment." The subject was well handled and called forth many hearty responses.

The Compulsory Educational Law, brought forth a lively discussion on Tuesday. A majority of the teachers seemed to think that it would be enforced.

Prof Logan, of Cloverport, kept the institute well in hand the entire week, as conductor and presiding officer He is very thorough in his work on education, and the city of Cloverport may well feel proud that they are to have his services another year in their college.

How to secure a country school, was a subject assigned to Prof Coyle. He handled it well. One thing he discountenanced above all others he said, that was underbidding for the country school. He said he hoped none of the teachers of this county would be guilty of underbidding.

There were some eight or ten Literary Journals represented at the Institute, several of which were subscribed for by the teachers. The News came in for its share. We promised to treat them right during the coming year, and publish anything that was of interest to the teachers of the county.

One of the most prominent teachers before the Institute, and one whom all the teachers seemed to admire, was Prof. Coyle, of Leitchfield. Prof. Coyle recites well, talks well, and sings well. He is a hail fellow well met. He is heartily interested in the subject of education, and is posted on any subject. His address to the Institute Wednesday night was listened to with a great deal of interest.

Superintendent Drakell has appointed the following as Vice Presidents of the Teacher's Association in the county. Cloverport district, Prof. J. H. B Logan. Association to be held on 26th of Sept., at Cloverport. Hardinsburg district, M. E. Avitt; Stephensport, district, C. F. Cashman; Webster district, S. George Hook; Custer district, No 5, J. H. Hoskinson; district No. 6 Joel H. Pile, Glendeane.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENNEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Chenney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

EKRON

Mrs. Lancaster is Gone to Missouri—Eight Car Loads of Apples Shipped—Guedry's Cooper Shop.

Mrs. J. Shacklett, Jr. is quiet sick at this time.

Prof. D. S. Roberts went to Hardinsburg Thursday.

H. D. Brown shipped the first load of wheat Tuesday.

D. R. Murray is the right man for our next Congressman.

P. C. Richerdson went to Louisville Tuesday on business.

Ekron had a large crowd at the picnic on the 18th as usual.

H. D. Brown and P. C. Richardson went to Louisville Tuesday.

There has been eight car loads of early apples shipped from this station.

Dr. Warfield and W. J. Shacklett spent part of last week at Hardinsburg.

Miss. Florance Rose, of Big Spring was the guest of Miss Rena Shacklett last week.

Miss Ruth Roberts, spent Sunday and Monday with Misses Ada ane Nellie Roberts.

There was a good crowd in attendence at the Sunday school convention at Salem the 22nd.

Miss Annie Reich of Louisville, Ky. is visiting Misses Ada and Nellie Roberts this week.

Mrs. W. B. Lancaster, of Flaherty, left Tuesday for St. Charles Mo., to visit her sister.

R. A. Ensor and C. A. Montgomery went to the city Monday with three car-loads of stock.

Miss. D. S. Henry, who has been visiting her father and mother, went to Irvington Thursday.

Ship your apples too Herndon, Carter, Co., they will secure you the best prices. See their ad in this paper.

Mrs, Tom Roberts brought to this office a toma.o that weighed 3lb and 9 oz Who can beat that?

Capt. Guedry has just received two car loads of material and will work five or six men in his cooper shop now.

If you intend to build or will need lumber call on me at depot. I can make you prices as low as any one.—Z. T. Cox.

Miss Alice Rose, who has been teaching music here for several months returned to her home, at Elizabethtown Monday.

YOUNG WIVES

We Offer You a Remedy Which Insures SAFETY to LIFE of Both Mother and Child.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

ROBS CONFINEMENT OF ITS PAIN, HORROR AND DANGER.

Makes CHILD-BIRTH Easy.

Endorsed and recommended by physicians, midwives and those who have used it. Beware of substitutes and imitations.

Sent by express or mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free, containing voluntary testimonials.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

Fits Cured

From U.S. Journal of Medicine

Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease, which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferers who may send their P. O. and Express address. We advise any one wishing a cure to address Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York

BRANDENBURG.

Sweeney Makes a Speech—Big Colored Picnic—Sandy Hill Entertainment—Other Interesting Notes.

Miss Bettie Clarkson has returned to Big Spring.

Miss Annie Nevitt visited Mrs. R H. Nevitt last week

Bro Martin preached last Sunday, morning and night

Miss Nelle Radley is in Owensboro to see Miss Marion Jolly.

Miss Lida Haynes is with Mr. and Mrs. Will Brown, of Ekron,

Miss Ada Brown is in Cloverport to visit her brother, Gus Brown

Miss Jennie Baldwin, of Louisville, is the guest of Miss Peggy Ditto.

Mr and Mrs. P. G. Young have joined Mrs. B A. Young here for a visit.

Misses Zula Malin and Bessie Lewis have returned from Vine Grove.

Miss Pearle Wimp and her mother have gone to Big Spring for a short visit.

We will make up a hay ride this week and go out to hear Bro. Lee at Cedar Grove.

Mrs. Davis, nee Hendricks, of Missouri, is a guest of Miss Eleanor B. Hendrick.

Misses Blanche Jolly and Lena Drury, Bewleyville, are guests of Mrs. John Frakes.

Mr. and Mrs. James Crawford, New Albany, are spending the summer at Mrs. Lon Moremen's.

Bro. Cundiff commenced services last Saturday at Cedar Grove. Sister Cundiff and George will visit Vine Grove for some time.

Miss Mary Lewis returned from Irvington Sunday accompanied by Miss Batie Herndon who will visit Miss Mabel Shacklett while here.

The Brandenburg band will give another supper Aug 7. The proceeds from the last bought Wilbur Sanders, their leader, a new horn.

The colored population had a big picnic last Saturday followed up by services at church on Sunday. Variety is certainly a spice with them.

Misses Agnes Malin and Pearle Ditto have returned from a visit to Leavenworth, Ind. Miss Agnes Worland remained to visit Mrs. Isabelle Barnett.

The weather is worse than torrid. Its most torridest and I'd rather any time dwell on Greenland's icy mountains than on India's coral beach for one's disposition would be forever ruined.

The Ohio is raging, quite an unusual occurrence for this season. The boating stage will be good for some time to come and that brings to mind that on last Sunday Mrs. Chas. Moremen took a small party on the Buckeye State to meet the Tarascon and return. Charlie Moremen is clerk on the Buckeye.

George Worland went to Louisville last Sunday to see the game of base-ball and reports it a fine one. The Colonels, poor fellows, were victorious which calls to my mind how they wiped up the earth with the Bostonians in the spring of '92, and on their own ground in the cultured city. The Kentucky boys will jump up yet in the list.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Brown, of Ekron, gave a very brilliant lawn fete last Friday night. A platform was erected in the yard. Bodenstadt furnished the music which goes without saying that it was entrancing. Mr. and Mrs. Brown entertain most delightfully always and this occasion was no exception. A number of our young people went out.

I note the comment from that facile pen of Preston and appreciate it from such an authoritative source. We yield no superiority to the lords but I'll declare the Sun Flower State and her sister could find more lucrative employment for their women than speaking before boisterous, rampant crowds composed of all classes. I detest usurpation while I don't want "demonetisation"—16 to 1 is even better.

The Hon Wm. Sweeney held forth at the Court-house last Saturday night to a small audiance of both sexes. He is a good talker and fairly and concisely sets forth his opinions in that inevitable nutshell way. He endorses the Chicago platform, says it is purely Democratic, espouses the nominees, warmly scored the Louisville press and told the people what he would do for them if elected to Congress. I am for the gentleman secondly. The Hon. D. R. comes first except you know—that issue. I'm Democratic enough to abide by majority.

Our party of eight took supper with Mrs. Nancy Ashcraft last Thursday evening and from there drove out to the concert at the Sandy Hill church. Mrs. Ashcraft and her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Richardson, Jr., entertained us most agreeably and that excellent supper did much towards fitting us for the entertainment. Owen Meredith knew human nature when he wrote those lines about a good meal. The ride out was delightful and still more so returning. Luna never shed her soft beams more softly or more divinely. But the Concert! It was given by the Literary Club of Sandy Hill and was a great success in every particular.

Prof. D. S. Roberts went to Hardinsburg Monday to take charge of the school at that place, he having been employed to teach there.

Another Cut
IN ALL
Summer Goods including **Straw Hats**
AND ALL
Slippers, Sandles & Oxfords

These goods must be sold to make room before we can place our Fall Stock, and we will make prices that will move them. Come on with your Silver Dollar. If invested in our great run of

BARGAINS

Be you Democrat, Republican or Populist, you will think the dawn of the coming GOOD TIMES is already here.

REMEMBER we are headquarters for all kinds of

FRUIT CANS.

ADDISON & DICK,
Addison, Ky.

LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER!

Parties anticipating Building, will do well to get our prices before purchasing. Write us for information

B. H. BATES & SON,
TAR FORK, KY

GLENDEANE.

The Holiness Meeting at Falls of Rough—Back From Tar Springs—Rev. Rutledge and Family Visiting.

Hurrah for Bryan and free silver!

Dr. Dempster is still on the sick list.

Roy Mattingly was here this week.

Miss Etta Green has returned from Tar Springs.

Silver and gold caps shine in every direction here.

We will have a voting place at Glendeane this year.

Born to the wife of Jesse A. Moorman, a girl last week.

Miss Hallie Moorman returned from the Springs Sunday.

Jimmie Kincheloe was the guest of Miss Jakie Owen Sunday.

Louis Ashley went to the Falls Sunday to attend the meeting.

There is a powerful holiness meeting in progress at Falls of Rough.

W. C. Moorman sold four dozen campaign caps Saturday evening.

Misses Fannie and Nannie Green have been attending the Institute.

Wade Pyle, of Burns, was the guest of Miss Monna Hunter, Sunday.

D. C. Moorman loaded a car with wheat Saturday for shipment.

Mrs W. R Moorman and family returned Friday from Tar Springs.

Katie was down on the branch Friday making the railroad men happy.

Mrs Dewees was called to the bed side of a sick siter last Thursday.

Judge Pulliam was in our midst Wednesday talking insurance to the boys.

Milt Matheny says he would disgrace his old father by voting for McKinley.

Dick Owen says he don't have to be tagged to tell what he is. Hurrah for Bryan!

Mrs. D Moorman has improved wonderfully since she has been at Tar Springs.

Miss Mary Moorman and Monna Hunter will visit Mrs. L. T Meyers the last of this week.

Three car loads of people went to the Falls of Rough Sunday to hear the lady preach r preach.

Brother Rutledge and family, accompanied by Mrs. Rutledge's sister is visiting in our midst.

The picnic at the Sand Nob Saturday was not a success. The propritors it is reported lost money.

Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Curtis have returned from Kansas City, Mo. Mrs. Curtis is greatly improved in health.

The trustees are having a new foundation put under our school-house. P. B Hoskins and D. F. Goodman has the contract.

QUARTERLY REPORT
OF THE
Breckinridge Bank,
CLOVERPORT, KY.

At the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1896.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts, less loans to Directors		$118,331 14
Loans to officers		4,256 85
Overdrafts, unsecured		718 18
Due from National Banks	$20,714 91	
Due from State Banks and Bankers	14,287 63	35,002 54
Banking House and Lot		3,000 00
Stocks and Bonds		29,584 64
Specie	17,000 00	
Currency	6 034 83	23,034 83
Furniture and Fixtures		2,000 00
Other Assets:		
Protest Acc't	44 32	
Debts in Suit	3,286 84	3 331 16
		$219,259 34

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in, in cash		$45,100 00
Surplus Fund		25,000 00
Undivided Profits		2,225 42
Due Depositors, as follows, viz:		
Deposits subject to check (on which interest is not paid	$66 208 51	
Time certificates of deposit (on which 3 per cent interest is paid)	78,217 93	144,426 44
Unpaid Dividend declared this day		1 804 00
Other liabilities:		
Fund to pay taxes		703 48
		$219,259 34

STATE OF KENTUCKY, County of Breckinridge, } ss.

A. B. Skillman, Cashier of the Breckinridge Bank a Bank located and doing business in the city of Cloverport, Ky., in said county, being duly sworn, says that the foregoing Report is in all respects a true statement of the condition of the said Bank, at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1896, to the best of his knowledge and belief; and further says that the business of said Bank has been transacted at the location named, and not elsewhere; and that the above report is made in compliance with an official notice received from the Secretary of State designating the 30th day of June, 1896, as the day on which such report shall be made.

A. B. Skillman, Cashier
W. H. Bowmer, F. N. D'Huy, J. T. Skillman, } Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me by A. B. Skillman, the 3d day of July, 1896.

H. C. Murray, N. P. B. C.
My Commission expires January 18th, 1898.

QUARTERLY REPORT
OF THE
Bank of Hardinsburg
HARDINSBURG, KY.

At the close of business on the 30th day of Ju[illegible] 1896.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Disdounts, less loans to Directors		$99,2[illegible]
Loans to Directors (officers not included)		4,0[illegible]
Overdrafts, unsecured		[illegible]
Due from National Banks		[illegible]
Banking House and Lot		3,[illegible]
Other Real Estate		[illegible]
Stocks and Bonds		5[illegible]
Currency		[illegible]
Furniture and Fixtures		[illegible]
		$13[illegible]

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in, in cash		$2[illegible]
Undivided Profits		[illegible]
Due Depositors, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check (on which interest is not paid)	$19,653 05	
Time certificates of Deposit (on which 3 per cent. interest is paid)	62,077 95	[illegible]
Bills re-discounted		[illegible]
Other liabilities:		
Funds to Pay Taxes		[illegible]
		$1[illegible]

STATE OF KENTUCKY, County of Breckenridge, } ss.

I, M. H. Beard, Cashier of the Bank [illegible]burg, a Bank located and doing business [illegible] of Hardinsburg, in said county, being [illegible] says that the foregoing Report is in al[illegible] true statement of the condition of the sa[illegible] the close of business on the 30th day o[illegible] to the best of his knowledge and belief; [illegible] says that the business of said Bank ha[illegible] acted at the location named, and no[illegible] and that the above report is made i[illegible] with an official notice received from th[illegible] State designating the 30th day of [illegible] the day on which such report shall be [illegible]

M. H. Beard, [illegible]
B. F. Beard,
Will Miller,
Morris Eskrid[illegible]

Subscribed and sworn to before me b[illegible] the 6th day of July, 1896.

R. S. Skillman, Cl[illegible]
By Frank Beard, D.[illegible]

BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1896.

THE PLEA OF SENATOR HILL.

His Speech at the Chicago Convention.

MISTAKES IN THE PLATFORM

A Question of Business, Not of Courage.

In His Denunciation of the Silverites He Tells Them They Plot For Defeat—A Defense

Of the Administration Plea For International Bimetallism.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention:

I do not know that it is necessary that I should reply to the distinguished senator from South Carolina (Tillman). And I trust that in any reply I may make I shall not fail to accord to him my profound respect.

I would say at the outset I am a Democrat, but I am not a revolutionist. I will say further that, no matter what the provocation, you cannot drive me out of the Democratic party.

Without intending to specially reply to the remarks of the distinguished senator from South Carolina, I will only say that it was a waste of time upon his part to assume that we were so ignorant as not to know that it was his state that attempted to break up the Democratic party in 1860.

Democratic Party Will Live.

But the party has survived the attempts of every section of the country to divide it, to distract it. It lives today, and I hope it will long survive.

My mission here today is to unite, not to divide; to build up, not to destroy; to plan for victory, and not to plot for defeat.

I know that I speak to a convention which, as now constituted, probably does not agree with the views of the state that I especially represent upon this occasion. But I know that, notwithstanding the attack which has been made upon that state, you will hear me for my cause. New York makes no apology to South Carolina for her situation. We got our Democracy from our fathers. We did not need to learn it from those whom my friend represents.

Need I defend New York? No. It is not necessary. She defends herself. Need I defend the attacks made upon her and her citizens of wealth, men of intelligence and character? No. It is not necessary.

Need I remind this Democratic national convention that it is in the great state of New York and in its great city where the wealth that he inveighs against is situated? But it is that great city that never but once in its history gave a Republican majority. When other cities failed to respond, New York was the Gibraltar of Democracy.

The question which this convention is to decide is which is the best position to take at this time upon the financial question. In a word, the question presented is between international bimetallism and local bimetallism. If there be gold monometallists, they are not represented either in the majority report or in the minority report. I therefore start out with this proposition:

That the Democratic party stands today in favor of gold and silver as the money of the country. We stand in favor of the proposition of a single standard either of gold or silver, but we differ as to the means to bring about that result. Those I represent and for whom I speak—the 16 members of the minority committee—insist that we should not attempt the experiment of free and unlimited coinage of silver without the co-operation of other great nations. It is not a question of patriotism. It is not a question of courage. It is not a question of loyalty. It is not a question of valor. The majority platform speaks of the subject as though it was simply a question as to whether we were a brave enough people to enter upon this experiment.

Safest and Best Course.

It is a question of business. It is a question of finance. It is a question of economics. It is not a question, notwithstanding, which men ever so brave can solve.

Mr. President, I think that the safest, the best course for this convention to have pursued was to take the first step forward in the great cause of monetary reform by declaring in favor of international bimetallism.

I am not here to assail the honesty or sincerity of a single man who disagrees with me. There are those around me who know that in every utterance made upon this subject I have treated the friends of free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 with respect. I am here to pursue that course today.

I do not think that we can safely ignore the monetary systems of other great nations. It is a question about which honest men may differ. I believe we cannot ignore the attitude of other nations upon this subject any more than we can their attitude upon the other questions of the day. I know it is said by enthusiastic friends that America can mark out a course for herself. I know that it appeals to the pride of the average American to say that it matters not what other countries may do, we can arrange this matter ourselves. But I beg to remind you that if this suggestion is carried out to its legitimate conclusion you might as well do away with international treaties; you might as well do away with commercial treaties with other countries; you might as well do away with all the provisions in your tariff bills that have relation to the laws of other countries. In this great age, when we are connected with all portions of the earth by our ships, by our cables and by all methods of intercourse, we think that it is unwise to attempt this alone.

Silver Men Go Too Far.

Mr. President, I want to call your attention to this single point. I think it is unwise further for this convention to hazard this contest upon a single ratio. What does this silver platform provide? It should have contented itself with the single statement that it was in favor of the remonetization of silver and the placing it upon equality with gold, but instead of that your committee has recommended for adoption a platform which makes the test of Democratic loyalty to hang upon a single ratio, and that 16 to 1.

I doubt the wisdom of having entered into detail. I doubt the propriety of saying that 15½ or 17 is heresy and 16 is the only true Democratic doctrine. Permit me to remind you I see distinguished senators before me who, in the senate of the United States, friends of free silver, have introduced bills for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 20 to 1. I beg to remind this convention that some of your candidates proposed for nomination are men whom I accept, and whose Democracy is admitted, who have voted time and time again in congress for other ratios than 16 to 1, and yet you are proposing to nominate silver men upon a platform that limits and restricts them to one single ratio.

With all due respect, I think it is an unwise step, I think it an unnecessary step, and I think it will return to plague us in the future.

I think we have too many close business relations with the other great nations of the world for us to ignore their attitude. Your proposed platform says that the policy of gold monometallism is a British policy.

Gold Not England's Policy Alone.

Mr. President, they forget to tell the people of this country that it is a French policy also; they forget to tell the people of this country that it is a German policy also; they fail to remind you that it is a Spanish policy also; they fail to tell you that it is the policy of the whole number of governments represented in what was called the Latin union. Therefore, I think it looks a little—just a trifle—like demagogy to suggest that this is the policy of a single nation alone. Mr. President, I regret also to see that your platform contains not a single word in favor of international bimetallism, not necessarily inconsistent with this platform, and there is no declaration whatever that it is the policy of this government to attempt to bring it about. The minority platform declares expressly that it is the policy of this government to make steady efforts to bring this about. It would be safer to do it. It would be wiser to do it. We run no risk upon the great question of the finances of this republic. I do not intend, in the brief time allotted to me, to enter into any elaborate argument upon this question.

What If the Experiment Fails?

I assume that this convention desires, as the people of this country desire, that every silver dollar coined shall be the equal of every other dollar coined.

I find no words in this platform in favor of the maintenance of the parity of the two metals. I find no suggestion of what is to be done in case the experiment fails. I find no suggestion of how you are to brace up this new depreciated currency.

Everything is risked upon the mere fact that it shall be given free coinage at the mints. I beg to call your attention to this fact—that, in my humble opinion, the very policy condemned by this platform is the policy that has kept your greenback currency and your silver dollar at a parity with gold during the past years. We think that times and conditions have changed. We think that you cannot ignore the fact of the great production of silver in this country. We think that you cannot safely ignore the fact in the preparation of a financial system that the cost of the production of silver has greatly fallen. Why, it is the very pregnant fact that confronts all the world in the solving of this great question—of the immense discovery of silver everywhere.

The great fact confronts the world that the cost of silver production has been reduced nearly one-half.

Not a Question of Bravery.

If the American people were brave, were courageous, if they had the spirit of 1776, as this platform says, could they, singly and alone, make copper the equal of gold? Could they make lead the equal of gold? Must you not take into consideration the great fact of production, the great fact of the lessening of the cost of production in the last 15 and 20 years?

If bravery, if courage, could produce these results, then you could make any metal, no matter what it might be, a money metal. But I tell you it is a question of economics, a question of business judgment. It is a question of resources, and upon that it is the judgment of the minority of the committee that the safest course is to take the first great step in favor of international bimetallism and stop there.

I know it will be said that in some particulars this platform agrees with our Republican friends. It to me is neither any better nor any worse for it. I call your attention to the fact that your plank upon pensions, that your plank upon the Monroe doctrine, that your plank upon Cuba, that your plank upon territories, that your plank upon Alaska, that your plank even upon the civil service, are exactly like the Republican planks. Therefore I do not think that that criticism will detract from the value of the suggestion.

Mr. President, I said a few moments ago I thought the safest course for this convention to have pursued was simply to have said this government should enact a statute in favor of placing gold and silver alike as the currency of the country and stop there.

I do not think, I said—and I will repeat it—that it is wise to hazard everything upon a single number. Let me go farther. I object to various provisions of this platform, and I think if the wise, level, cool headed men, farsighted men, such as is the distinguished senator from Arkansas, who addressed you, had prevailed, that platform would have been different.

Other Mistakes In the Platform.

What was the necessity for opening up the question of greenback circulation? What was the necessity for putting in this platform an implied pledge that this government might issue greenbacks and make them legal tender? The Democratic party is opposed to paper money. The Democratic party, from its earliest history, has been in favor of hard money.

The Democratic party thinks that the best way for us to do is to eliminate United States notes and treasury notes from your currency. They are a drag upon your metals. You have to constantly keep supplied a fund for their redemption, unless you propose to repudiate them. Therefore, when my friend from South Carolina and my friend from Arkansas say that this platform says what it means and means what it says, I would like to have some one who follows me tell what this platform means upon the subject of the issue of paper money hereafter.

I am not violating, I think, the secrets of the committee room when I say that it was avowed that this government might desire to pursue that course, and this is an attempt at this late day to commit the Democratic party to the suicidal policy of the issuing of paper money.

You say you wanted a clear and distinct platform. You have not got it upon that question. It cannot be defended successfully.

Another suggestion permit me to make. What was the necessity for putting into the platform other questions which have never been made the tests of Democratic loyalty heretofore? Why, we find the disputed question of the policy and constitutionality of an income tax. What! Has it come to this, that the followers of Samuel J. Tilden, who during all his life was the opponent of that iniquitous scheme which was used against him in his old age to annoy him and harass him and humiliate him—why, I say, should it be left to this convention to make as a tenet of Democratic faith belief in the propriety and constitutionality of an income tax? Why was it wise to assail the supreme court of your country?

The Attack on the Supreme Court.

Will some one tell me what that clause means in this platform? If you meant what you said and said what you meant, will some one explain that provision? That provision, if it means anything, means that it is the duty of congress to reconstruct the supreme court of the country. It means—and it was openly avowed—it means the adding of additional members to it, or the turning out of office and reconstructing the whole court. I said I will not follow any such revolutionary step as that. When, ever before in the history of this country, has devotion to an income tax been made the test of Democratic loyalty? Never. Have you not undertaken enough, my good friends, now, without seeking to put in this platform these unnecessary, foolish and ridiculous things? What further have you done?

Policy of the Fathers Upset.

In this platform you have declared, for the first time in the history of this country, that you are opposed to any life tenure whatever for office. Our fathers before us, our Democratic fathers whom we revere, in the establishment of this government gave our court judges a life tenure of office. What necessity was there for reviving this question? How foolish and how unnecessary, in my opinion! Are Democrats whose whole life has been devoted to the service of the party—are men whose hopes, whose ambitions, whose aspirations all lie within party lines—to be driven out of the party upon this new question of life tenure for the judges of our federal courts.

This is a revolutionary step; this is an unwise step; this is an unprecedented step in our party history.

Another question, I think, should have been avoided, and that is this: What was the necessity, what the propriety, of taking up the vexed question of the issue of bonds for the preservation of the credit of the nation? Why not leave left this limited question of the free coinage of silver alone?

Repeals the Resumption Act.

What have you declared? You have announced the bold policy that, under no circumstances, shall there ever be a single bond issued in time of peace. You have not accepted anything.

What does that mean? It means the virtual repeal of your resumption act—it means repudiation per se and simple.

This statement is too broad; the statement is too sweeping; it has been carefully considered. You even oppose congress doing it; you even oppose the president doing it; you oppose them doing it either singly or unitedly; you stand upon the broad proposition that for no purpose, whether to protect the currency or not—whether to preserve your national credit, or for any other purpose—there shall not be a bond issued.

Why, how surprising that would be to my Democratic associates in the senate, who for the last two or three years have introduced bill after bill for the issuing of bonds for the Nicaragua canal and other purposes.

No, no, my friends, this platform has not been wisely considered. In your zeal for monetary reform you have gone out of the true path—you have turned from the true course, and in your anxiety to build up the silver currency you have unnecessarily put in this platform provisions which cannot stand a fair discussion.

Let me tell you, my friends, without going into a discussion of the bond question proper, which is somewhat foreign to this subject—let me tell you what would be the condition of this country today if the president of the United States in the discharge of the public duty that is conferred upon him had not seen fit to issue bonds to protect the credit of the government.

Bond Issues Were Unavoidable.

The Democratic party has passed a tariff bill which unfortunately has not produced a sufficient revenue as yet to meet the necessities of the government. There has been a deficit of about $50,000,000 a year. It is hoped that in the near future this bill will produce ample revenues for the support of the government, but in the meantime your greenback currency and your treasury notes must be redeemed when they are presented if you would preserve the honor and the credit of the nation.

Where would the money have come from if your president and your southern secretary of the treasury had not discharged their duty by the issuing of bonds to save the credit of the country?

Let me call your attention to the figures. There has been issued during this administration $262,000,000 of bonds. What amount of it has gone? Only just about that sum. Where would you have obtained the means with which to redeem your paper money if it had not been produced by the sale of bonds? Why, my friend Tillman could not have had money enough out of the treasury from his salary to pay his expenses home.

Mr. President, I reiterate to this convention that this has brought into this canvass an unnecessary, a foolish issue, which puts us on the defense in every school district in the state.

An Issue Which Divides the Party.

I do not propose to detain you by any other criticism of this platform at this time. It is sufficient that you have entered upon an issue on which the Democracy is largely divided.

In addition to that you have unwisely brought into this platform other questions foreign to the main question and made the support of them the test of Democracy. I do not think that this was the course that should have been pursued.

Mr. President, there is time enough yet to retract those false steps. The burdens you have imposed upon us in the eastern states in the support of this platform in its question relating to silver is all that can reasonably be borne. But in addition to that you have put upon us the question of the preservation of the public credit. You have brought into it the question of the issuing of bonds. You have brought into it the question of the reconstruction of the supreme court. You have brought into it the question of the issuing of paper money. You have brought into it the great question of life tenure in office.

And this platform is full of incongruous and absurd provisions which are proposed to be made the test of true Democracy.

Mr. President, it is not for me to revive any question of sectionalism, and I shall not do it. This country is now at peace, all sections of it, and let it so remain. I care not from what section of the country the Democrat comes, so long as he is true to the old fundamental principles of our fathers. I will shake him by the hand and express my friendly sentiments toward him.

The Question of Sectionalism.

The question of sectionalism will creep in in spite of the efforts of our best men to keep it out. I oppose this platform because I think it makes our success more difficult.

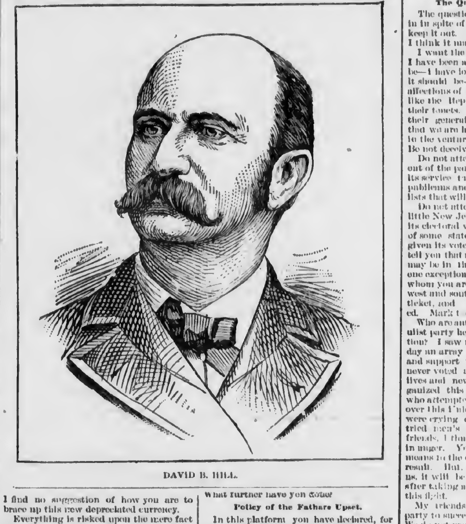
I want the grand old party with which I have been associated from my boyhood to be—I have looked forward to the day when it should be—securely intrenched in the affections of the American people. I dislike the Republican party. I dislike all their tenets. I have no sympathy with their general principles, but I do think that we are here today making a mistake in the venture which we are about to take. Be not deceived.

Do not attempt to drive old Democrats out of the party that have grown gray in its service to make room for a lot of Republicans and old Whigs and other Populists that will not vote your ticket after all.

Do not attempt to trade off the vote of little New Jersey, that never failed to give its electoral vote, and take the experiment of some state out west that has always given its vote to the Republican ticket. I tell you that no matter who your candidate may be in this convention, with possibly one exception, your Populist friends, upon whom you are relying for support in the west and south, will nominate their own ticket, and the silver forces will be divided. Mark the prediction which I make.

Who are authorized to speak for the Populist party here in a Democratic convention? I saw upon this platform the other day an array of them, giving countenance and support to this movement; men who never voted a Democratic ticket in their lives and never expect to. They have organized this party. They are the men who attempted to proscribe Democrats all over this Union. They are the men who were crying against us in the days that tried men's souls during the war. My friends, I thus speak more in sorrow than in anger. You know what this platform means to the east. You must realize the result. But, calamitous as it may be to us, it will be more calamitous to you if after taking all these risks you do not win this fight.

My friends, we want the Democratic party to succeed. We want to build it up. We do not want to tear it down. We want our principles—the good old principles of Jefferson and Jackson, of Tilden, of hard money, of safe money. We want no greenback currency in our platforms. We want no paper currency whatever. We want to stand by the principles under which we have won during the history of this country and made it what it is. If we keep in the good old paths of the party, we can win. If we depart from them, we shall lose.



DAVID B. HILL.

The Difference.

"Was your husband good to you during your long illness?" inquired the kind lady who was making a charity call.

"Oh, yes, indeed, ma'am," replied the poor woman, "as good as could be—he was more like a friend than a husband."—London Tit-Bits.

Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, and gives refreshing sleep.

The Swiss Army.

The Swiss army is complete in every detail, it is said, the medical, veterinary and commissariat departments being thoroughly organized, and this in spite of the fact that the average cost of a soldier is only £7 a year. The first line forces number an effective total of 137,640 men; in the landwehr there are 80,600 more, and in the landsturm 270,000. Besides, owing to the encouragement given by the state to such institutions as the Societes de Tir, nearly every man in the country knows how to handle a rifle and is more or less of a soldier. Switzerland could at the shortest notice put into the field and maintain an army of 150,000 men at least, properly found and equipped. When the Swiss soldier crosses the threshold of his house, he may be said to be in full marching order, for he keeps his entire kit, rifle—knapsack and cloak—in his home, and every man takes an honest pride in having each article in good condition.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Big Prices Paid by Magazines.

Fabulous prices are sometimes paid for the sensational features in the magazines. A writer who claims to speak with full knowledge of the facts claims the Century company paid $50,000 for its "Life of Lincoln," $18,000 for the serial rights to Mrs. Humphry Ward's novel, "Sir George Tressaday;" from $250 on up to $750 for Kipling's verses, according to size. Charles Scribner's Sons paid J. M. Barrie $25,000 for the serial rights to "Sentimental Tommie;" Robert Louis Stevenson received $7,000 for one of the serials he sold to the McClure syndicate. Other and equally remarkable prices are not lacking. Success in literature nowadays means money just as certainly as does success in other pursuits. It's all in the name and the fame.—Family Call.

The oldest son of a marquis takes precedence over the younger son of a duke.

LAUGHTER.

Has It Evolved From the Brutal Yell Over a Tortured Enemy?

Just as the hoof of the horse is the remnant of an original five toes, just as the pineal gland in man is now said to be the survival of a prehistoric eye on the top of the head, so, perhaps, this levity in regard to particular ailments (in others) may be the descendant of an aboriginal ferocity in man. It is a well known theory that what we call humor arose from the same source; that the first human laugh that ever woke the astonished echoes of gloomy primeval forests was not an expression of mirth, but exultation over the misery of a tortured enemy.

There is to this day something terrible in laughter. The laugh of madness or of cruelty is a sound more awful than that of the bitterest lamentations.

By means of that strange phonograph that we call literature we can listen even now to the laughter of the dead, to the hearty guffaws or cynical titterings of generation after generation of bygone men and women, and if we are curious in such matters we can probe into the nature of the changes that have passed over the fashion of men's humor. For it has been said, not without the support of weighty cumulative evidence, that, as we penetrate farther into the past, we find the sense of humor depending always more obviously and solely upon the enjoyment of the pain, misfortune, mortification or embarrassment of others. The sense of superiority was the sense of humor in our ancestors; or, in other words, vanity lay at the root of this, as of most other attributes of our bumptious species!

Putting ear to our phonograph, we catch the echoes of a strange and merry tumult; boisterous, cruel, often brutal, yet with here and there a tender cadence from some solitary voice; and presently this lonely note grows stronger and sweeter, as we travel slowly toward our time, until at length, through all the merriment, we can hear the soft undermurmur of pity. Does the picture not seize the imagination—the long laughter of the ages which begins in cruelty and ends in love?—Westminster Review.

Don't let anyone persuade you to take anything else instead of Simmons Liver Regulator. Some merchants will try to do this but not for your good. They do it to make a little more profit on something which is of an inferior quality, though you must pay just as much for the bad as for the good. Be sure to take Simmons Liver Regulator, and nothing else. Look for the Red Z on every package.

FREAK FACTORIES.

Showmen Have No Trouble In Providing New Attractions.

"How do you manage to find new freaks and curiosities?" was the question asked of the manager of a traveling show that had pitched its tent in a London suburb.

"Don't have to find them," was the laconic response. "They find us. The freak business is as regularly established as any other and has its wholesale and retail firms, traveling salesmen, brokers, price lists, factories"—

"Factories?" queried the reporter, aghast.

"Why, certainly, factories, of course. The freak business is divided into about three varieties—foreign, domestic and fake.

"In the first class the collectors travel all over the world in search of rarities, but the very best freaks come from India and the Malay peninsula. In these countries there are people who breed freaks. They buy young children and animals and deform them while their bones are soft by all manners of means. Then they are constantly on the outlook for genuine natural freaks, and in those lands the birth of a freak occurs very frequently. The headquarters of this business is at Singapore.

"Then there are any number of men who devote themselves to the discovering and placing of freaks of all kinds and varieties, and there is scarcely a day goes by that we do not receive packages of photographs and illustrated circulars from some freak merchant or other.

"Of course there are the faked freak men—a perfect host in themselves. If the proprietor of some little show needs an additional attraction and does not have the money to hire something good—for, like everything else, freaks have their price—he can get something for little money that will serve his purpose.

"The real, genuine live freaks always command high prices and travel all over the world in order to exhibit themselves. Most of them have regular routes mapped out by their advance agents, just like theatrical companies, and as they only appear at a place at long intervals they never get stale, and sometimes make bigger hits on their second or third appearance than on their first."—London Mail.

William J. Bryan may bring adversity to several sharps who are skinning the Government. Intelligent honest men have no fear of him.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

ASK the recovered dyspeptics, bilious sufferers, victims of fever and ague, the mercurial diseased patient, how they recovered health, cheerful spirits and good appetite; they will tell you by taking SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.

The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World!

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heartburn, etc. This unrivaled remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of MERCURY, or any mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail. **It will cure all Diseases caused by Derangement of the Liver and Bowels.**

The SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Sides or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; **Sour Stomach**; Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternately costive and lax; Headache; Loss of Memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; **Debility; Low Spirits**, a thick yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, a dry Cough often mistaken for Consumption.

Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few; but the LIVER is generally the seat of the disease, and if not Regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and DEATH will ensue.

The following highly esteemed persons attest to the virtues of Simmons Liver Regulator: Gen. W. S. Holt, Pres. Ga. S. W. R. R. Co.; Rev. J. R. Felder, Perry, Ga.; Col. E. K. Sparks, Albany, Ga.; C. Masterson, Esq., Sheriff Bibb Co., Ga.; Hon. Alexander H. Stephens.

"We have tested its virtues, personally, and know that for Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Throbbing Headache it is the best medicine the world ever saw. We tried forty other remedies before Simmons Liver Regulator, but none gave us more than temporary relief; but the Regulator not only relieved, but cured us."—Ed. TELEGRAPH AND MESSENGER, Macon, Ga.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY

J. H. ZEILIN & CO. Philadelphia, Pa.

A DREAM DREAMED OVER.

The music was throbbing and pulsing;
The flowers, and the palms, and the light
In smooth, waxed floor were reflected
That glorious gala night.
With the fragrance of roses about her,
In her dainty, pure white gown,
She was, as he whispered to her,
"The prettiest girl in town."

She smiled and flushed and denied it,
As a pretty girl must do,
But by her heart's deep contentment
She knew that he thought it true,
And they danced to the thrilling music—
Oh, life was rapture then!—
When she was the prettiest girl in town,
And he was the first of men!

They parted with anguished sorrow;
Time cleared the clouded sky,
But at last night's ball she lived again
In the charmed days gone by.
His son and her daughter were dancing,
The girl in a pure white gown,
And she heard him say as they passed her,
"You're the prettiest girl in town!"
—Oakland Echoes.

HOW GUNPOWDER IS MADE.

The Part That Each of the Three Ingredients In the Explosive Plays.

Gunpowder has steadily developed as mechanical skill constructed better and better weapons in which to use it, until today it has reached a perfection of manufacture for various purposes which allows its effects to be foretold in any weapon, even to the time it takes a grain to burn and to the distance it will drive a shot.

Roger Bacon's gunpowder was made of saltpeter, sulphur and charcoal. Saltpeter is chemically called niter and is a natural product found bedded in the earth in different parts of the world, chiefly in India and China. Sulphur, too, is found in a natural state in many volcanic countries, like Sicily, while, as is well known, charcoal is made from wood or woody substances by heating them almost to a burning heat in an airtight vessel, thus driving off everything in them but carbon.

Saltpeter, sulphur and charcoal are still the only ingredients of the gunpowder in common use, although a new gunpowder made of different materials is undergoing successful experiment. A mixture of saltpeter and charcoal alone would form an explosive, and sulphur is added chiefly to make it plastic or capable of being pressed into cakes and shapes. All three ingredients have to be purified by the most careful chemical skill before they are combined. Then an exact proportion of each has to be measured out according to the kind of powder to be made.

For the gunpowder generally used you would find in every 100 pounds, if you could separate the ingredients, 75 pounds of saltpeter, 15 pounds of charcoal and 10 pounds of sulphur, but it would be almost impossible to separate the ingredients, for they are not merely mixed together as you might mix pepper and salt, but they are ground and rolled and stirred and pressed together by special machines until they are almost sufficiently united to form a single new substance.

This mixing process is called trituration, and the powder is thus made into the form of big flat cakes, called press cakes, and then broken up and screened into grains of special sizes, or ground to the fine powder used for shotguns and revolvers. The large grained powders are still further stirred together until the grains become highly glazed, and these are called cannon powders. A lighted match may be held to a grain of cannon powder and it will be found almost impossible to set it on fire, but once ignited it flashes off very suddenly and violently.—Lieutenant John M. Ellicott in St. Nicholas.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife." While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery, it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at Short & Haynes' drug store Regular size 50c. and $1.00.

Spoons Free to All.

I read in the Christian Standard that Miss A. M. Fritz, Station A, St. Louis, Mo., would give an elegant plated hook spoon to any one sending her six 2-cent stamps. I sent for one and found it so useful that I showed it to my friends, and made $13 in two hours, taking orders for the spoon. The hook spoon is a household necessity. It cannot slip into the dish or cooking vessel, being held in the place by a hook on the back. The spoon is something housekeepers have needed ever since spoons were first invented. Any one can get a sample spoon by sending six 2 cent stamps to Miss Fritz. This is a splendid way to make money around home. Very truly,

JENNETTE S.

Farseeing Scotchwoman.

It would probably take many generations of undesired and undesirable adversity to train Americans into the farseeing thriftiness of the Scotch. An illustration of this thrift is contained in the story of a Scotchwoman who had been promised a present of a new bonnet by a lady. Before she made the purchase, the lady called and asked the good woman:

"Would you rather have a felt or a straw bonnet, Mrs. Wilson?"

"Weel," said Mrs. Wilson, "I think I'll tak' a strae ane. It'll maybe be a mouthfu' to the coo when I'm done wi' it!"—Youth's Companion.

An Old Hand.

Bob—How much is it customary to give the minister when he marries you?

Ben—Oh, I generally give him $10.
—Yonkers Statesman.

Ready to Do It.

Jimson—What's this I hear about insubordination in your class at college?

Young Jimson—Nothing at all in it.

Jimson—But the president writes me that you refused to obey your professor.

Young Jimson—Bosh! He asked us to decline the verb to work, and we all declined.—Philadelphia North American.

Whenever the invention admits of a model, the inventor is required to furnish it, of a convenient size, to show properly and to the best advantage the working of the device.

Eczema All Her Life.

Mr. E. D. Jenkins, of Lithonia, Ga., says that his daughter, Ida, inherited a severe case of Eczema, which the usual mercury and potash remedies failed to relieve. Year by year she was treated with various medicines, external applications and internal remedies, without result. Her sufferings were intense and her condition grew steadily worse. All the so-called blood remedies did not seem to reach the disease at all until S. S. S. was given, when an improvement was at once noticed. The medicine was continued with favorable results, and now she is cured sound and well, her skin is perfectly clear and pure and she has been saved from what threatened to blight her life forever.

S.S.S. (*guaranteed purely vegetable*) cures Eczema, Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, or any other blood trouble. It is a real blood remedy and always cures even after all else fails.

A Real Blood Remedy.

Take a *blood remedy* for a blood disease, a tonic won't cure it.

Our books on blood and skin diseases mailed free to any address. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SSS

LOUISVILLE MARKET REPORTS

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 28, 1896.

Shippers should mark all packages plainly with shipper's name and post-office address.

BUTTER.	
Choice, country	8 @ 9
Medium	7 @ 8
Creamery	10 @ 15
EGGS.	
Fresh	@ 6½
FEATHERS.	
Prime, white goose	40 @ 41
Mixed	25 @ 35
Old	15 @ 30
No. 1. duck	25 @ 00
POULTRY.	
Hens per lb	@ 6
Spring Chickens per doz	1 25 @ 3 00
Ducks per lb	12½ @ 13
Geese, per doz	3 50 @ 4 00
POTATOES.	
Irish, per barrel	50 @ 75
New La	2 50 @ 3 00
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	@ 2 00
From store 2 to 5 cts. higher	
Navy Beans, per bushel	@ 7
ROOTS.	
Ginseng	2 40 @ 2 75
Senica Snake	54
Pink	16
Yellow	@ 21
Wild Ginger	5 @ 5
Lady Slipper	1
May Apple	2¼
Blood	2½
FIELD SEEDS.	
Timothy, per bushel	1 80
Clover per bushel	4 25
Crimson Clover per bushel	3 00
Red Top per bushel	85
Orchard Grass per bushel	1 10
Blue Grass, fancy, per bushel	85
Blue Grass, extra, per bushel	55
Onion Sets, Yellow, per bushel	1 25
" " White " "	2 50
HIDES.	
Green, good	@ 5¼
Dry Salt, good	8 @ 9
Dry flint, good	10 @ 11
Sheep skins	10 @ 40
WOOL.	
Tub-washed	@ 21
Grease, fine	15 @ 16
Burry	9 @ 13
Black	12 @ 13
Burry and Oats	8 @ 10
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Tallow	@ 4¼
Beeswax	@ 25
Sorghum Molasses	15 @ 20
HAY, GRAIN, FEED.	
We quote prices to-day on Louisville city wharf:	
OATS.	
No. 2 oats	22 @ 23½
HAY.	
Timothy No 1	14 00 @ 15 00
Timothy No. 2	12 00 @ 12 50
Good Bright Straw	5 00 @ 6 00

Louisville, Henderson & St Louis R'y Co

NO. 10.

TIME SCHEDULE

Taking Effect

At 6:00 o'clck A. M. Sunday, Mar. 22, 1896

West Bound Trains — East Bound Trains

41 Expr's Daily	41 Mail & Expr's Daily	STATIONS	42 Mail & Expr's Daily	44 Expr'. Daily
6 30pm	7 50am	lv. Union Dep't ..ar	12 45am	8 00pm
6 45	8 17	Kentucky St.	12 30	7 48
7 20	8 45	West Point	11 55am	7 10
7 21	8 48	Howard	11 50	7 07
7 32	8 57	Willowdale	11 41	6 59
7 38	9 01	Rock Haven	11 35	6 53
7 45	9 12	Long Branch	11 27	6 47
7 55	9 23	Brandenburg	11 18	6 39
8 04	9 31	Ekron	11 09	6 32
8 13	9 40	Guston	11 00	6 24
8 20	9 43	Irvington	10 51	6 16
8 26	9 57	Webster	10 42	6 03
8 37	10 07	Ledilburg	10 33	5 55
8 45	10 15	Pierce	10 25	5 48
8 50	10 21	Sample	10 20	5 43
8 58	10 28	Stephensport	10 11	5 35
9 03	10 34	Addison	10 16	5 31
9 15	10 35	Holt	10 03	5 29
9 18	10 47	Cloverport	9 50	5 17
9 22	10 51	Shops	9 46	5 14
9 33	11 02	Skillmen	9 35	5 03
9 44	11 12	Hawesville	9 25	4 53
9 51	11 20	Petrie	9 17	4 46
9 58	11 25	Falcon	9 11	4 40
10 08	11 35	Lewisport	9 02	4 32
10 15	11 42	Wallmea	8 55	4 25
10 25	11 51am	Powers	8 46	4 16
10 29	12 03pm	Petee	8 34	4 05
10 48	12 15	Owensboro	8 25	3 55
11 00	12 28	Mattingly	8 14	3 44
11 05	12 31	Griffith	8 10	3 39
11 08	12 34	Stanley	8 05	3 35
11 15	12 40	Worthington	7 58	3 30
11 21	12 47	Reads	7 51	3 23
11 30	12 54	Spottsville	7 43	3 16
11 38	1 00	Bessett	7 36	3 10
11 55pm	1 15pm	ar. Hender's lv.	7 20am	2 55pm

Gus. Brown,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
CLOVERPORT, KY.
Office with David R. Murray, East-end Iron Bridge.

BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1896

GARFIELD

Rev. Bozarth Is Preaching In the Grove Mrs. Fanny Board Is Dangerously Ill—Other Notes.

Miss Eliza Hook is visiting in Hardinsburg.

Mrs. F. M. Board is very sick at this writing.

Mrs. Dempsey Morris, who has been sick for several weeks, is much improved.

Rev's. Bozarth and Haynes are holding a protracted meeting at Brush Arbor, near here.

Dr. Milner, of Union Star, visited Mrs. F. M. Board Sunday with Dr. A. M. Kincheloe.

Mrs. Kate Jarrett, of Stephensport, is at the bedside of her sick sister, Mrs. Fannie Board.

Miss Flora Smith, of Hardinsburg, is at her cousin's, Mrs. Mannie Gregory's for a two-week's visit.

Mrs. Patsy Macy, who has been confined to her bed for nearly a year, cannot live but a few days.

Master Irvie Richardson returned home Monday from Owensboro where he had been visiting friends.

What did we understand caused the Sunday School to cease at this place? I do think we should have a good Sunday School.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Webb made a trip to Webster Thursday with their daughter, Ollie to see Dr. Parks in behalf of her health

Masters Earl and Verner Mattingly have returned from Hawesville where they have spent several weeks with their grand-parents.

We are asked to inform the members of Freedom church that Bro. Danly, a Cumberland Presbyterian preacher, will be there the second Sunday in August.

Mrs. Eddie May, Misses Ada Meador, Bettie Eskridge and Florence Payne, of Harned Station, spent Wednesday the guests of Mrs. Andy Hook and daughters

Little Miss Mary Gregory showed her kindness and thoughtfulness by carrying flowers to cheer up the sick room of Mrs. Fannie M. Board. Even the little ones care for the sick.

The many friends and relatives of Mrs. Fannie Board have called at her bedside for the last two weeks to aid and assist her in her very bad illness. Mrs. Board bore her illness patiently and we hope for a speedy recovery.

Remember—only such medicines were admitted for exhibition at the World's Fair as are accepted for use, by physicians, in the practice of medicine, Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and Ayer's Pills being included in the list. They are standard medicines.

CLIFTON MILLS.

Andrew Dye Will Go to Missouri—Kick Against Checkers—Death of Miss Emma Wheeler

The health of the community continues unsatisfactory.

B. A. Parks sold some of his fine fowls to parties at Hardinsburg to be delivered this week

Mr. J. C. Wheeler returned to Louisville last Friday. Mrs. Wheeler will remain here some time visiting.

Mr. Bruner, Elizabethtown, bought a nice bunch of lambs in this section to be delivered at Garfield the last day of July.

Andrew S. Dye is collecting and shaping up his business preparatory to residing with his daughter in Missouri after Sept. 1.

Harry Norton and Forrest Claycomb, Webster, passed through here Thursday buying hogs to consume their immense corn crop.

The picture agent following up the view artist, Mr. Dulan, of Winchester, came along Saturday delivering some splendid work.

And now the roads are being worked. We do hope that the overseers will have all the loose rock removed from the roads before they pronounce them worked.

Checkers is a scientific game, and a game occasionally is very nice, but our rising young men are making it a nuisance. We will venture the assertion that there has been enough time idled away with checkers and pitching horseshoes at Clifton this season, if properly employed on the farm, to have made provisions sufficient for their large families. For this reason alone, no public business house should allow a checker board to be used.

Miss Emma Wheeler, who we reported in our last week's items as being dangerously ill, died on the 21st inst., and was conveyed to the family burying ground on the next day near Rome, Ind., and laid to rest as designated and requested by her. She retained the control of her mind and speech until the last breath, and talked freely with all those present. After expressing a perfect willingness to die, she bade all good-bye with consoling words that shall ever be remembered by those present, and her spirit took its flight to the God that gave it. "Blessed are they who die in the Lord, for their works do follow them." Our little town and community mourns the loss of such a useful and estimable lady, but what is our loss is her eternal gain; and as we all have to meet death sooner or later, the writer cannot suggest any better motto, and it would be wise while in health to prepare to meet thy God. She had resided here with her mother twenty years last April and to her she has ever been kind and devoted. She was a faithful member of Clifton C. P. church for eight years. Had she lived until August she would have been thirty-eight years of age.

Nora Lain Dead

On last Wednesday evening at six o'clock the Angel of Death visited this community and claimed as its victim one of our brightest jewels, Mrs. Nora Lain, a woman of excellent merits, a kind disposition and a true follower of Christ.

Mrs. Lain was the eldest daughter of D. J. Phillips, and was married October, 1893, to Mr. Rets Lain. Their union was blessed with one sweet little girl, Verna Myrtle, age fifteen months, who is now deprived forever of a dear mother's love and guidance through this rugged life.

How hard it is for us to submit to God's will and say "He doeth all things for the best" Yet we know not the cause of His wondrous works, and console ourselves knowing it is He Who deprives us of our loved ones; and He alone can heal our broken hearts. Mrs. Lain professed faith in Christ when seventeen years of age and united with the Lyonia Baptist church, from which place her funeral was preached July 10th at 2 o'clock p. m. by Rev. H. W. Morton, of Patesville, after which her remains were borne by a large concourse of relatives and friends to the grave yard near by, and laid quietly away beneath the sod in its last resting place.

She bore her long continued illness of five months with great fortitude, never known to murmur or complain and often expressed herself willing and ready to go, whenever the Angels beckoned her to come up Higher

Mrs. Lain had so lived as to endear herself to all who knew her, and how we loath to say she is no more here upon this land and that our meetings are ended until we meet to part no more, on the bright golden shore. May her poor heart-broken husband be comforted in knowing she is at rest in peace with God, free from all pain and woe, and that he and Verna some day can meet Nora where parting is no more.

May God comfort the poor bereaved ones, and strengthen them so as to raise the dear little baby aright. Though it has no mother, it is left in loving and tender hands that shall strive to do their best for Verna.

Dearest Nora, thou hast left us,
And thy loss we deeply feel,
Though 'tis He, who has bereft us,
He alone our sorrows can heal.

"My mother, my wife and myself use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy whenever troubled with a cough or cold. It is the medicine of our home. I do not know how we could do without it. We feel that it is an indispensable article. The people in this vicinity too are beginning to learn of the merits of this excellent medicine. I never lose an opportunity to testify to its value for it has saved many a doctor's bill in my family. W. S. Musser, proprietor of the Musser House, Willheim, Pa." This remedy is famous for its cures of bad colds. Try it and you too will recommend it to your friends. For sale by A. R. Fisher, druggist.

Unintentional Serenade

It should not be imagined for a moment that these fair and accomplished Kentucky beauties have been out serenading Hoosier editors. It just so happens that Mr. Willett's residence is in the neighborhood of the editor's garret quarters, and the evening zephyrs waft the sweet Aeolian strains from Mr. Willett's parlor windows through the editors open sky-lights as he slumbers on his humble cot and dreams of the oriental pleasures he reads about.

The Leavenworth (Ind.) Register says: "There is nothing on earth so charming and inspiring to humanity as good music—either vocal or instrumental. There is a time when it penetrates the ear with more force than others, and that time is just after you have retired for the eveing, more particularly if it be rendered by parties who understand the science of combining harmonical sounds so as to make it pleasing to the ear. Such music can be heard at the residence of Mr. R. H. Willett rendered by Misses Agnes Mailn and Pearl Ditto of Hardinsburg, Ky. who are spending the week with their friend Mrs R. H. Willett."

Some time ago the one-year-old child of Mr. M. E. Lindsay, of Franklin Forks, Pa., had a very severe attack of colic. She suffered great pain. Mr. Lindsay gave her a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy and in ten minutes her distress was gone. This is the best medicine in the world for children when troubled with colic or diarrhœa. It never fails to effect a prompt cure. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant for them to take. It should be kept in every home, especially during the summer months. For sale by A. R. Fisher, druggist.

Personal.

Free—64-page medical reference book to any person afflicted with any special, chronic or delicate disease peculiar to their sex. Address the leading physicians and surgeons of the United States, Dr. Hathaway & Co., 70 Dearborn street, Chicago.

The Dog Tax.

License on dogs will fall due August 1st. All persons residing within the city limits of Cloverport, owning or harboring dogs, are required to comply with city ordinance No. 18 section 1, as the ordinance will be strictly enforced after that date. J. A. BARRY, Mayor.

Dr. Bell's Peppermint Chill Tonic cures chills and makes you well again. It rids you of having them and builds up your strength. It is pleasant to take and gives you a warm delightful feeling all over instead of the miserable shivering. It is good for the stomach, too, and peppermint is the best thing in the world for the bowels. Avoid bitter quinine pills that may make you deaf, and have always handy, in the house, a bottle of Dr. Bell's Peppermint Chill Tonic. It's guaranteed.

Send your order to Jno. D. Babbage Cloverport Ky. for "N. S. I."

POWDER FOR CANNON.

A Mixture That Will Burn Slowly Is Necessary For Big Ordnance.

The great trouble with powder in cannon was soon found to be that it exerted all its force too suddenly, so that all the strain came on one end of the gun. When gunpowder is set on fire, it turns suddenly into gas, and the gas needs about 300 times the space that the solid powder occupied. The explosion of ordinary gunpowder is so sudden that for a moment that part of the gun around the powder charge has to hold the big volume of gas squeezed down under enormous pressure until the shot can make a start to get out of the gun and make room for the gas. If, therefore, gunpowder could be made which would burn a little slower, so that it would not all be burned until the shot reached the muzzle, the gas would be more gradually formed and the strain be distributed all along the gun. Such a powder was first made in Germany and was first called cocoa powder, because it resembled in color and general appearance a cake of chocolate. Its method of manufacture was kept secret, but other countries analyzed the grains and soon learned to make it even better than Germany. It is made partly by changing the proportions of the ingredients, making them about 79 per cent saltpeter, 3 per cent sulphur and 18 per cent charcoal, but mainly by using an underburned charcoal, thus giving the powder its peculiar color. Thus there arose a division of gunpowder into quick and slow burning powders.

It was not alone necessary to make a powder which would burn more slowly, but if possible to make one burn so that more gas would be forming when the shot got near the muzzle than was forming when it started from the breech, because there is more room behind the shot when it nears the muzzle, and it therefore takes more gas to keep up the same pressure against its base.

To accomplish this and to make the grains lie so that there should be spaces evenly distributed among them to allow the flame to reach every grain at once, causing all of them to begin running together, grains were made of regular shapes, and each shape was tried to see how nearly it gave the desired results. Thus there have been used round grains, square grains, sphero-hexagonal grains, cylindrical grains and prismatic grains. Of course it is impossible to make a grain which will have more and more surface to burn the smaller it gets, so the best result which has thus far been obtained is only an approach to it, and this is obtained with a hexagonal prismatic grain about 1 inch high and $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, with a hole or several holes through it.—Lieutenant John M. Ellicott in St. Nicholas.

Surgery In the Middle Ages.

In the middle of the twelfth century priests were the only doctors. By an edict of the council of Tours surgery was separated from medicine and the practice of the former forbidden to the clergy. The latter then employed their barbers to perform surgical operations. This arose from the fact of the monks having their heads shaved frequently and observing the dexterity acquired by the barbers in the use of edge tools. The knights of the razor, from cupping and bleeding, passed on to tooth drawing and finally to other operations requiring skill and deftness, if not much knowledge. They knew practically nothing of anatomy. It is said surgery was denied to the clergy by a canon of the church which forbade them to shed blood. This was considered the dark age of medicine, and somber indeed it must have been to the worthy citizen who, perhaps, placing himself in the hands of his barber for relief, might, at the same time that he was getting rid of a tumor, also part company with his head.—Exchange.

The Pull of a Fish.

"What I want," said an angler, "is a rigging of some sort to measure the pull of a fish. If a pound fish pulls 3 pounds 8 ounces, I want to know it, and if a 3 pound fish pulls only 3 pounds 6 ounces I want to know that too. A joker wrote to a sportsman's paper the other day to tell of an invention to measure the size of the fish that are lost. That is where this pull measure machine would be good too. It would have to be self registering, of course.

"Everybody laughs when any one says he lost a big one. I've lost fish of a size I never dared tell of just because of the bad name a fellow gets for telling of such things. I could tell of 6 and 7 pound trout in Canochogola lake up in the Adirondacks, but what's the use? Why, say, I've seen a trout"— Just then he remembered himself and began to talk about a grizzly king fly with a yellow tail.—New York Sun

Controlled by Watches.

Paul du Chaillu, the African explorer, tells how he once controlled a race of savage cannibals while he was on the dark continent. He had a number of Waterbury watches, whose ticking completely nonplused the savages and caused them to regard him as a spirit. He made a practice of leaving one of these watches in a village where he had stopped. After awhile the watch, of course, ran down and stopped, and the cannibals said that the spirits had gone to overtake their master. When Du Chaillu returned to these villages, he always got the watch that he had left behind him and, unobserved, wound it up again. The natives heard the ticking continue, swore again that the explorer was a spirit and did their utmost to please him.

Summer coughs and some are colds Either hurts the lungs worse in warm weather than they do in cold. They are cured all the year round by the use of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. Get that branded "The E. E. Sutherland Medicine Co., Paducah, Ky., or it's not the genuine.

Your Son Will Learn
TO ACQUIRE KNOWLEDGE,
TO VALUE CHARACTER,
TO LOVE TRUTH,
AT
Gordon School,
Pewee Valley, Ky.
Careful personal instruction; high moral standard, thorough parental discipline; Christian home training. Beautiful and healthful country location, 17 miles from Louisville, Ky.; handsome grounds; commodious building; separate rooms for pupils, if desired; steam and gas throughout building; hot and cold baths, and every modern convenience. None but good boys wanted. No shams, no shows! Pupils lead at College and University. 31st Year.
A. N. GORDON, A. M., Prin.

DAWFUSKIE ISLAND.

IT HAS A HISTORY AS THE SCENE OF MANY INDIAN STRUGGLES.

The Extreme Southeastern Point of South Carolina—The Tragedy of Bloody Point, That Wiped Out a Whole Tribe of Indians.

A new candidate for public favor is Dawfuskie island, one of the islands not far distant from Savannah and one of the most interesting historically. Dawfuskie is the Indian name of the island. It is some six miles in length and four miles in width, noted for its fish, oysters and crabs and famous of late years for its deer hunting. The Indians were very partial to it—that is, judging from the mounds, tomahawks, arrowheads and other relics of that race which are still to be found on the island. It is the southeasternmost point of South Carolina, and directly opposite Tybee island, and in what was formerly known as St. Luke's parish, Beaufort district, but now legally designated as Yemassee township, Beaufort county.

The island was at one time the property of the Mongin family, who settled it about 1750, and up to the beginning of the late war it was divided into several plantations and had a population, in addition to the planters' families, of about 1,500 slaves. Several places on the island are still owned by the descendants of the Mongins, Bloody Point by Mr. Mongin Stoddard and Melrose by Mr. Alfred H. Stoddard.

The following story of Dawfuskie island appeared in The Morning News of June 24, 1873, and is all of its early history that can be found:

"The massacre of Bloody Point, though previous to the Revolutionary war, is still interesting as relating to the ancient history of St. Luke. The islands of Port Royal and St. Helena were pretty thickly settled with white population when Hilton Head, Dow Dusky, Pinckney and the other neighboring islands were held in possession by a few isolated Indians or were altogether uninhabited. They formed a kind of neutral ground between the white and red men. The Indians from Georgia were in the habit of making frequent inroads upon the white settlements, killing the inhabitants and carrying off whatever plunder they could gather, to their remoter homes in the farther south. They formed large war parties and would proceed as far north as Hilton Head. Here they would skulk about till a fair chance offered, when they would cross Broad river and ravage the neighboring settlements; hence the name of Skulk creek (and not Skull, as is now written).

"The Indians were in the habit of returning to Skulk creek after these invasions and would elude pursuit among its numerous nooks and windings. Upon one of these occasions, after having committed a number of murders and having loaded their canoes with whatever plunder they were able to collect, having secured a quantity of "fire water," it is presumed, from the sequel, they passed through Skulk creek on their return south without stopping in their old haunts and never halted until they reached Dow Dusky, where they thought they would be beyond the reach of the whites.

"A very strong and determined party of whites went in pursuit of them. On reaching Hilton Head they learned from a few Indians of a friendly tribe that their enemies had not halted, but had proceeded on south. Having induced these friendly Indians to join them as guides, they continued their pursuit farther south. When they had gone on as far as Dow Dusky, they discovered from the smoke of their camp that the Indians had halted at the southeast point of the island. The whites landed on the northwest portion and marched toward their enemies. The Indians had put all their boats a short distance up what is now known as New river, to avoid the surf which breaks upon the point. The Indians were at the extreme point, enjoying themselves in an unwonted round of conviviality and feasting. The whites approached cautiously and stealthily, and, having got between the Indians and their boats, effectually cut off their retreat. A shower of bullets was the first intimation they had of the presence of an enemy. They were shot down, bayoneted, sabered and were finally driven into the sea.

"The surprise was complete; the massacre was dreadful; the white sands were crimsoned with blood, and the earth was strewn with wounded, dying and dead. A few, very few, escaped by swimming, some to the opposite marsh, and one swam entirely over to Tybee, a distance of three miles. From the dreadful carnage at this spot it received the name of Bloody Point, which it retains to this time, it being the extreme southeastern point of South Carolina. After this decisive victory the settlements to the north of Broad river received no further molestation from the southern Indians, and soon after Hilton Head itself began to be settled by the whites. The Indians who escaped, having collected after a lapse of some time, returned to Hilton Head, and, finding only two of the tribe who had guided the whites in their pursuit, avenged the downfall of their own tribe by destroying both of them. They then returned south and were lost sight of ever after. Such is the tradition in St. Luke's."—Savannah News.

Corrected.

Papa (just arrived from down town)—Well, where's Bessie? Why isn't she running to meet me, as usual?

Mamma—Bessie has been naughty and disobedient. I have had to deprive her of her playthings, and she has been weeping bitter tears in her own room for the last half hour.

Voice of Bessie (from adjoining room)—Tears ain't bitter. They're salt.—Chicago Tribune.

Some time since I was engaged in handling lime and it injured my eyes. I was induced by our druggist here, Mr. J. E. Allen, to try your Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve, and will say it cured me in a very short time; and our little girl was suffering with sore eyes, and we used it on her eyes and it cured her. We consider it the best eye salve on earth.
Yours truly, D. MCCOMAS,
Proprietor Burksville, Ky., Hotel.

The work of bulldosing corporation employes has begun. Anarchy is almost respectable compared with this cowardly method.

AN AMUSING DEBATE.

The Subject Was Serious Enough, but the Situation Was Comical.

When, in the old days of trouble between the English and French, there was talk of sending Admiral Hawke to sea to keep watch over the enemy's fleet, there occurred a notable interview. It was November. The weather was stormy and dangerous for vessels and the government was not agreed as to sending them out.

Mr. Pitt, who was in bed with gout, was obliged to receive those who had business with him in his chamber. This room had two beds and no fire. The Duke of Newcastle came to him to consider the sending out of the fleet, and had scarcely entered the room when he cried out, shivering all over with cold:

"How is this? No fire?"

"No," said Mr. Pitt. "When I have the gout, I cannot bear one."

The duke, wrapped in his cloak, took a seat by the invalid's bedside and began talking, but he found himself unable to endure the cold.

"Pray allow me!" he exclaimed suddenly, and, without taking off his cloak, he buried himself in the other bed and continued the conversation. He was strongly opposed to risking the fleet in the November gales. Mr. Pitt was absolutely resolved that it should put to sea, and both argued the matter with much warmth. It was the only warmth, indeed, in the room.

"I am positively determined that the fleet shall sail," said Pitt, accompanying his words with the most lively gesticulations.

"It is impossible! It will perish!" said the duke, with equal emphasis.

At the moment the discussion waxed hottest another dignitary of the realm came in and found it difficult to keep his countenance at the sight of two ministers deliberating on a matter of so grave importance from such a novel situation.

The fleet did put to sea, and Mr. Pitt's judgment proved to be right. The enemy was crippled and a signal advantage gained.—Youth's Companion.

Ben Wade on Davis.

When Ben Wade of Ohio was the presiding officer of the senate, he used occasionally to call some senator to take the chair and relieve himself by walking up and down in the lobby which runs back of the senate chamber. Once while thus walking he was overtaken by a certain carpetbag senator from one of the southern states, who occupied the identical chair that Jefferson Davis had used while a member of the senate. Walking along by the side of Wade, he rubbed his back wearily and said: "Wade, these senate chairs are the most uncomfortable things I ever saw. My back is positively blistered from sitting in mine." Wade looked at him for a moment, and, as he turned away, muttered, "Davis left enough brains in the seat of that chair to blister the backs of two or three such men as you are."—San Francisco Argonaut.

When They Began to Write.

It is astonishing the number of successful writers who were well on in years before they even thought of adopting literature as a profession. Thomas Hardy was 31 before he began to turn his attention to story telling. George Eliot was 40 before she wrote a line of fiction, having no faith in her powers as a story teller. Barry Cornwall was 35 before he thought of writing verse. Jules Verne was 35 before he wrote his first story. Rider Haggard started at 26; Mr. Barrie and Conan Doyle at 27; Grant Allen at 29, and Sir Walter Besant and Mr. G. Manville Fenn at 30. George Meredith was nearly 33 when he began to write stories in his own peculiar style.—New York World.

The Waning Honeymoon.

He—Why, we've got a cricket in the house. Isn't it cheerful?

She—Yes. And so intelligent. Hear him talking about the furniture. How distinctly he says, "Cheap, cheap!"

However, as she had been that day on a visit to her sister, whose husband was getting $18 a week, while her own dear new hubby got but $14, perhaps her discontent was excusable.—Indianapolis Journal.

An Indication.

If a chicken is served with dumplings, that settles it. It is at least a year old. No chicken can lay claim to having died young if it is served on the table with dumplings. Youth in a chicken is sufficient garnishment, as it is with a girl.—Atchison Globe.

One dollar's worth of "N. S. I." will worm an acre of tobacco and one hand can do it in an hour's time.

DOCTORS
KENNEDY & KERGAN
Specialists in the Treatment of
Nervous, Blood, Sexual and Private Diseases
17 Years in OHIO, 200,000 Cured
YOUNG MAN You are nervous and despondent; weak and debilitated, tired mornings; no ambition; lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night losses; drains at stool; oozing on excitement; haggard looking; weak back; bone pains; ulcers; hair loose; sore throat; varicocele; want of confidence; despondency; lack of energy and strength. **You Need Help**
MARRIAGE This important step in life should never be taken until you are positively cured if you have been weakened or diseased. Remember "*Like father, like son*." Emissions, varicocele, spermatorrhea and syphilis endanger happiness in married life. Our New Method cures them permanently. If you are Married consult us at once, as we can restore your strength, vital energy and desires. If you wish to Marry, our advice may be worth a fortune to you.
Don't Let Your Life be Drained Away!
The New Method Treatment This System and New Method was discovered by us several years ago. It builds up and strengthens the nervous system; restores the vitality to the sexual organs; stops all drains and losses; invigorates and restores lost manhood. It never fails in curing the results of Self Abuse, Later Excesses, Blood Diseases, or the effects of a misspent Life.
CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY
What we Treat and Cure!
Emissions, Varicocele, Syphilis, Nervous Debility, Stricture, Gleet, Impotency, Unnatural Discharges, Lost Manhood, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. Consultation Free. Books (illustrated) Free. Write for Question Blank for Home Treatment. Everything Confidential. Plain envelopes. Nothing sent C. O. D. See testimonials next week.
DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN
122 W. 4th St., Cincinnati O.

Danger Signals

More than half the victims of consumption do not know they have it. Here is a list of symptoms by which consumption can certainly be detected:—

Cough, one or two slight efforts on rising, occurring during the day and frequently during the night.
Short breathing after exertion.
Tightness of the chest.
Quick pulse, especially noticeable in the evening and after a full meal.
Chilliness in the evening, followed by
Slight fever.
Perspiration toward morning and
Pale face and *languid* in the morning.
Loss of vitality.

If you have these symptoms, or any of them, do not delay. There are many preparations which claim to be cures, but **Dr. Acker's English Remedy** for Consumption has the highest endorsements, and has stood the test of years. It will arrest consumption in its earlier stages, and drive away the symptoms named. It is manufactured by the Acker Medicine Co., 16 and 18 Chambers St., New York, and sold by all reputable druggists.

ON THE BRIDGE.

Perfection lies
In sweetheart's eyes;
Her cheeks would shame a rose.
I love her hair,
But I can't bear
The bridge on sweetheart's nose.

It indicates
Her noble traits,
And strength of purpose shows.
But rivals scorn
And others mourn
The bridge on sweetheart's nose.

If I should feign
A deep disdain
For her, do you suppose
That tears of hate
Would devastate
The bridge on sweetheart's nose?

I think instead
(You see I dread
To add to sweetheart's woes)
I'll venture this:
I'll fondly kiss
The bridge on sweetheart's nose

And warmly praise
Her gracious ways
And boast my scorn for those
Who worship not
That beauty spot—
The bridge on sweetheart's nose.
—New York Herald.

THE LOST WAS FOUND.

The House Number Looked Strange Because the Transom Was Tipped.

If any one had told him he was drunk, he would not have resented it, but would have made an effort to maintain his equilibrium and dignity long enough to explain that he was only a little oozy woozy. He realized that he lived at 206 Irvington street, and that his residence was on the right hand side as he wabbled along homeward. The uncertain light of early dawn, combined with the blear in his eyes, rendered it necessary for him to stop in front of every house and gravely brace himself against the railings until he could focus his eyesight on the number.

Finally he identified his house, but after arguing with himself for a couple of minutes he came to the conclusion that he was just woozy enough to make mistakes possible, so to be absolutely certain he balanced himself against the front fence and studied the number on the transom. Instead of 206 he saw 509. He rubbed his eyes and looked again, but the number had not changed. It was still 509. Then he wondered how it happened that he had got on the wrong side of the street and three blocks too far out, made a zigzag across the street and started back, but before he had walked three blocks he came to the end of the street.

The weary pilgrim was bewildered. He couldn't understand it, but getting his directions shaped his course up the street on the right side and kept on until he came to 509 again. He studied it from every possible point of view, even trying to stand on his head to read it, but it perversely remained 509.

Utterly bewildered, he sat down on the steps and waited till a policeman came along.

"I'm losht," he explained. "I wanter go ter 206 Irvington street."

"This is the place, right here," declared the officer.

"Can't be. Thish is 509."

"No, it ain't. It's 206, but the transom is turned over."

The lost was found.—San Francisco Post.

The first paper made in western Europe was manufactured in Spain in 711. It is said that the process came from the east, being brought into Spain by the Moors.

Sure there is none but fears a future state, and when the most obdurate swear they do not their trembling hearts belie their boasting tongues.—Dryden.

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3 The Man in Black. Stanley J. Weyman.
4 Dodo. E. F. Benson.
5 Ships that Pass in the Night. B. Harraden.
6 A Rogue's Life. Wilkie Collins.
7 The Duchess. "The Duchess."
8 Called Back. Hugh Conway.
9 A Wicked Girl. Mary Cecil Hay.
10 Back to the Old Home. Mary Cecil Hay
11 Wedded and Parted. Charlotte M. Braeme.
12 The Bag of Diamonds. George Manville Fenn
13 The Octoroon. Miss M. E. Braddon.
14 A Study in Scarlet. A. Conan Doyle.
15 Forging the Fetters. Mrs. Alexander
16 My Lady's Money. Wilkie Collins
17 The Shadow of a Sin. Charlotte M. Braeme
18 The Cricket on the Hearth. Charles Dickens.
19 The Squire's Darling. Charlotte M. Braeme.
20 Singleheart and Doubleface. Charles Reade.
21 Lady Grace. Mrs. Henry Wood
22 Wife, Maid or Widow? Mrs. Alexander.
23 Black Beauty. Anna Sewell.
24 Ideala. Sarah Grand.
25 Camille. Alexander Dumas.
26 Her Last Throw. "The Duchess."
27 Three Men in a Boat. Jerome K. Jerome
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30 Cathedral Temple. Mrs. Rowson
31 The Shattered Idol. Charlotte M. Braeme
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33 The Mystery of No. 13. Helen B. Mathers
34 He Went for a Soldier. John Strange Winter.
35 The Haunted Chamber. "The Duchess."
36 Cleverly Won. Hawley Smart
37 Doris's Fortune. Florence Warden
38 Dinna Forget. John Strange Winter
39 The Earl's Error. Charlotte M. Braeme
40 A Golden Heart. Charlotte M. Braeme.
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45 Little Irish Girl. "The Duchess."
46 Lova Lord Berresford, "The Duchess."
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50 The Other Man's Wife. John Strange Winter
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52 Stage Land. Jerome K. Jerome.
53 Struck Down. Hawley Smart.
54 A Star and a Heart. Florence Marryat.
55 Sweet is True Love. "The Duchess."
56 The Two Orphans. D'Ennery.
57 A Troublesome Girl. "The Duchess."
58 Two Generations. Count Lyof Tolstoi.
59 At the Green Dragon. Beatrice Harraden.
60 Singularly Deluded. Sarah Grand.
61 The Hired Baby. Marie Corelli.
62 The Tour of the World in 80 Days. Jules Verne.
63 A Little Pilgrim. Mrs. Oliphant.
64 By the Gate of the Sea. D. Christie Murray
65 A Maiden Fair. Charles Gibbon.
66 The Romance of a Poor Young Man. Octave Feuillet
67 The Red Eric. R. M. Ballantyne
68 The Fire Brigade. R. M. Ballantyne.
69 Erling the Bold. R. M. Ballantyne.
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71 Reveries of a Bachelor. Ik. Marvel.
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90 For Himself Alone. T. W. Speight.
91 The Dutch Diamond. Blatherwick ws C
92 The Starling. Norman Macleod, D. D.
93 Captain Norton's Diary. Florence Marryat.
94 Her Gentle Deeds. Sarah Tytler
95 Moonshine and Marguerites. "The Duchess"
96 No Thoroughfare. Wilkie Collins and Charles Dickens.
97 The Haunted Man. Charles Dickens.
98 Fortune's Wheel. "The Duchess."
99 Love's Random Shot. Wilkie Collins.
100 An April Day. Philippa Prittie Jephson.
101 Little Make Make-Believe. B. L. Farjeon.
102 Round the Galley Fire. W. Clark Russell.
103 The New Abelard. Robert Buchanan.
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105 Dita. Lady Margaret Majendie.
106 The Midnight Sun. Fredrika Bremer.
107 Valerie's Fate. Mrs Alexander.
108 At the World's Mercy. F. Warden.
109 The Rosery Folk. G. Manville Fenn.
110 "So Near, and Yet So Far." Alison.
111 A Husband's Story.
112 The Fisher Village. Anne Beale.
113 An Old Man's Love. Anthony Trollope.
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126 Padouche, a French Detective. Fortune Du Boisgobey.
127 The Water Babies. Rev. Chas. Kingsley.
128 The Southern Star. Jules Verne
129 Eyre's Acquittal. Helen B. Mathers.
130 Miss Milne and I. By author of "A Yellow Aster."
131 Vashti and Ester. By the writer of "Belle's Letters."
132 Beyond the City. A. Conan Doyle.
133 A Scandal in Bohemia. A. Conan Doyle.
134 The Sign of the Four. A. Conan Doyle.
135 The Heir of Linne. Robert Buchanan.
136 Treasure Island. Robert Louis Stevenson.
137 The Stickit Minister. S. R. Crockett.
138 The Suicide Club. Robert Louis Stevenson.
139 The Merry Men. Robert Louis Stevenson.
140 Prince Otto. R. L. Stevenson.
141 The Misadventures of John Nicholson. Robert Louis Stevenson.
142 An Inland Voyage. Robert Louis Stevenson.
143 The Silverado Squatters. Robert L. Stevenson.
144 The Master of Ballantrae. R. L. Stevenson.
146 She's All the World to Me. Hall Caine.
147 My Wonderful Wife! Marie Corelli.
148 A Change of Air. Anthony Hope.
149 The Dynamiter. Robert Louis Stevenson.
150 Pola on Whist.
151 The Dolly Dialogues. Anthony Hope.
152 The Rock or the Rye. T. C. DeLeon.
153 Auld Licht Idylls. J. M. Barrie.
154 A Window in Thrums. J. M. Barrie.
155 When a Man's Single. J. M. Barrie.
156 The Feud of Oliver Sargent. Edgar Jones Bliss
157 My Lady Nicotine. J. M. Barrie.
158 Better Dead. J. M. Barrie.
159 The Story of an African Farm. Ralph Iron.
160 Dreams. Ralph Iron (Olive Schreiner.)
161 Kidnapped. R. L. Stevenson.
162 The Strange Case of Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde. Robert Louis Stevenson.
163 The Mystery of Cloomber. A. Conan Doyle.
164 Love Letter of a Worldly Woman. Mrs. W. K. Clifford.
165 The Pavilion on the Links. R. L. Stevenson
166 Addie's Husband. By Author of "Love and Lands."
167 The Captain of the "Pole-Star." A. Conan Doyle.
168 The Picture of Dorian Gray. Oscar Wilde.
169 L'Abbe Constantin. Ludovic Halevy.
170 Sport Royal. Anthony Hope
171 Poems by Oscar Wilde.
172 Dream Life. Ik. Marvel.
173 Tales of Mean Streets. Arthur Morrison
174 The Dark House. G. Manville Fenn
175 The Rabbi's Spell. Stuart C. Cumberland.
176 Lord Lisle's Daughter. Charlotte M. Braeme.
177 The Master of the Mine. Robert Buchanan
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186 My Friend the Murderer. A. Conan Doyle
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187 Madame Sans-Gene. Edmond Lepelletier
188 The Mystery of Sasassa Valley, and other stories. A. Conan Doyle.
189 The Silver Hatchet, and other stories. A Conan Doyle.
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197 American Notes. Rudyard Kipling
198 Under the Deodars. Rudyard Kipling
199 As in a Looking Glass. F. C. Philips
200 The Corsican Brothers. Alexander Dumas.

Read the proposition heading this list and address all orders to

JNO. D. BABBAGE,
CLOVERPORT, KY.

L., H. & St. L. R'y, Fordsville Branch.

TIME TABLE No. 9.

TAKING EFFECT DEC. 22, 1895

West Bound Trains / East Bound Trains

Daily ex Sun. No. 5	Daily ex Sun. No. 1	STATIONS.	Daily ex Sun. No. 2	Daily ex Sun. No. 6
	11 10am	Lv Irvington Ar	9 30am	
	11 50	Garfield	8 10	
	12 05pm	Harned	7 50	
	12 12	Junction	7 40	
	12 22	Hardinsburg	7 30	
	12 35	Junction	7 15	
	12 58	Kirk	7 00	
	1 10	Jolly	6 50	
	1 28	Glendeane	6 30	
	1 35	Dempster	6 20	
	1 55	ar Falls Rough lv	6 00	
	2 20	Dempster	5 37	
	2 30	Rockvale	5 27	
	2 42	Ruth	5 18	
	2 54	Askins	5 08	
	3 00	Oaks	4 50	
	3 20	Mitchell	4 41	
	3 40pm	Ar Fordsville Lv	4 25am	

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 Years the Standard.

BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1896

PERSONAL.

C. P. Babbage was in the city, Monday.

Has Gibson went to Louisville yesterday.

Walter Smart went to Louisville last week.

Mrs. C. E. Lightfoot went to Green river, Sunday.

Sam Baker, of Patesville, was in the city Monday.

Marvin Beard, of Hardinsburg was in the city Sunday.

Miss Eunice Crosson is visiting relatives at Union Star.

Mathias Miller, of Hardinsburg, was in the city Friday.

Sam Dix, of Roberts' Bottom, was in the city Monday.

Mrs. C. S. Crosson took in the picnic at Stephensport.

Mrs. Daniel Friels, of Victoria, was in the city yesterday.

Dr. R. W. Frymire, Patesville, was in the city yesterday.

Roland Smith, of Stephensport, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Babbage went to Hardinsburg Monday.

Miss Amenda Deane, of Glendeane, is at the Tar Springs.

Mr. George M. Younger and wife went to Skillman, Sunday.

Arthur Haynes and wife, of Union Star, are visiting in the city.

Miss Annie Newlon spent Sunday with friends at Bulltown.

Mrs. E. J. Bishoff, of Irvington, is visiting her son, D. A. Bishoff

Misses Mary and Irene Jarboe are visiting relatives in Hawesville.

Miss Edith Bush, of Hawesville, will visit relatives here this week.

Miss Lutie Moorman, of Glendeane, is the guest of Mrs. F. T. Heyser.

J. H Carson and daughter, Miss Veoda, spent Sunday in Louisville.

Miss Ada Brown, of Brandenburg, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Gus Brown.

J. D. Gregory and family spent a few days visiting at Waitman Station, last week.

Miss Mary Connor, of Rockport, Ind., is visiting relatives and friends in the city.

James Crawford, of Stephensport, was in the city a few hours, Monday, on business.

Misses Sallie Moorman and Edna Roberts, of the Tar Springs, were in the city yesterday.

Mrs. W. P. Graham and children, Carrie and Worden, are visiting relatives at Waitmen.

W. H. Bandy, of Union Star, was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Clayton Crosson, last Friday.

Mrs. James G. Harris and children have gone to Michigan to visit her relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Miller, of Hardinsburg, were the guests of Mrs. Mary J. Miller last week.

Mrs. Joe Cutley and children, who have been visiting relatives in Sterrett's bottom, returned home last week.

Miss Julia Hill, who has been the guest of Miss Maud Phillips, returned to her home in Leitchfield, last Wednesday.

Mrs. Heningrey, Miss Buchanan, Miss Kennedy, of Louisville, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bullitt, Fort Hill.

W. T. Herdin, who has been at Mt. Vernon, Ind., for some time, was in the city last week enroute to his home at Pellville.

Miss Alta Crosson returned to her home at Union Star last Saturday, after a pleasant visit with relatives in Cloverport.

Miss Echo Hart, who has been the guest of the Misses Griffith for two weeks, returned to her home in Cincinnati, Saturday.

Miss Addie Louise Babbage and brother, J. D., spent yesterday with Miss Edith and Master Will Heron at the cottage.

Mrs. Wm. Romsey, after several days visit to her sister, Mrs. Albert Miller of Rockport, Ind., returned home last Wednesday.

James Farris, of Tip Top, Ky., was in the city last week, looking after the apple crop. It is his intention to buy pretty heavy.

Mrs. Sam May and her little daughter, Miss Florence, of Hardinsburg, are in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lewis.

Miss Effie Bredley, of Owensboro, who has been visiting in this city, has returned home, accompanied by her cousin, Miss Effie Sweggol.

Miss Nellie Gerrett returned to her home in Owensboro Friday, accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Jno. Pauley, who will remain several weeks.

Morgan and John Lawson, of Louisville, who have been the guests of relatives here, have gone to Waitman Station to visit their grand-parents.

Lon Ray, wife and son, Orville, of Evansville, are at the Tar Springs. Mr. Ray will be there some time if the water proves to be beneficial to his health.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Short, Miss Florence Cottrell, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Oelze formed a party yesterday to the Tar Springs. They will be there two weeks.

Miss Lelia Deniel returned home Saturday from an extended visit to relatives in Fordsville. She was accompanied home by Miss Dimple and Mr. Albert Hayes.

Misses Lena Hensley, of Hardinsburg; and Ellen McGehee, of Irvington; and Norman Hensley, of Hardinsburg, are the guests of the Misses Moorman on the hill.

Mrs. Marion Ryan and Mrs. Wilson, who have been visiting relatives here, returned to their home in Louisville, Thursday. Miss Stella Weatherholt accompanied them.

A. H. Ross, Louisville, who has been visiting his cousin Ollie Tonsey, for several days returned home Sunday. There are several girls in town with great big tears still on their cheeks.

Edgar Hill, Hervy McGoodwin, R. M. Cunningham, F. Bauer, Sam Stites and son, Richard, C. F. Bush and Ridgely Coyee came in on the "Ketie," paid the boys off and registered at the Heyser House. They say the "Heyser" is one of the best hotels in the country.

Mrs. L. G. Gregory and son Orville, went to Louisville, Sunday, to see her husband who is there under the doctors. His health is not at all good and his family are uneasy about him. His friends here all hope that he may recover and come home a new man.

Mrs. Dr. F. M. Smith and daughters, Miss LaFayette and Miss Fennie; Mrs. D. R. Murray and daughter, Miss Alliene, Mrs. W. G. Smart, Misses Laura Setterfield, Nellie and Minnie Simons and A. H. Ross, Louisville, made up a party that had a good time at the Harvest Home Picnic, Stephensport, last Saturday.

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Free Silver Hats—Sulzer's.

Fresh bread daily—Sulzer's

Campaign Caps and Free Silver Hats Sulzer's

Gasoline the very best quality for sale at the news office.

Dr. Owen's office has lately been repainted and repapered.

H. V. Duncan has erected a new yard fence in front of his residence.

Hail our wagon with the white flag. it's loaded with bread—Sulzer's.

Gregory & Co. are headquarters for paints and oils, pure and cheap

Bills are out for another big picnic at Guston on Thursday, August 30th.

The younger Four Hundred of this city, are going to be a daisy set. Hard to catch.

Barney Bohler's residence has just brightened up by a profusive use of paint.

The party who has been at the Tar Springs for a two weeks outing returned Monday.

Joseph E. Hardin, of this city; Geo. A. Dowell, Addison; have been granted pensions.

Try our Snowflake, Cream, Daisy, Rye and Graham bread—Watch for wagon with white flag—Sulzer's.

H. L. Stader, the butcher, has placed a fine refrigerator in his shop at a cost of $150. It holds 1,000 lbs of ice.

Master George Boyd, while out in the wheel procession one evening last week, fell and cut his knee severely.

The Str. Monteith touched at the upper wharf yesterday evening with an excursion party from Hawesville.

The private picnic and barbecue near Sulpur Spring last Sunday was a grand affair and heartily enjoyed by all the participants.

A cow barn belonging to W. R. Moorman, residing near Glendean, was destroyed by fire one night last week The origin of the fire is not known.

The river is high and still rising, with several more feet yet to come. The chances are that the low lands will be flooded and the crops thereon will be destroyed.

Judge L. G. Gregory, whose health has been on the decline for sometime, went to Louisville last Thursday to be treated. He was accompanied by Dr. A. A. Simons.

The engagement of Miss Mary Bowmer to Mr. Walter Campell, of Ashland, Ky., is announced The marriage will take place August 12th at her home in Hardinsburg.

Galen Barbee, of Cloverport painter, went over to Leitchfield to bid on the new school-house. He returned Monday and reports that he did not see a goldbug-Democrat on the trip

Bessie Barbee, who was brought home sometime ago from the Methodist Orphan-home, at Louisville, by her father, Galen Barbee, is very ill at the residence of Mr. Sam Baker, at Patesville.

Hal Murray, has established the record in the Cloverport postoffice. He mailed 186 letters at one time, one day last week which was more than any one person had ever done before.

John Keenan (better known as Uncle Johnnie), of Rough Creek dropped dead Sunday morning. His was nearly one hundred years old and one of the oldest school teachers in Breckenridge county,

The Owensboro Messenger, last Friday says: Mr. L. G. Vititor, of Breckenridge county, is in the city enroute for the Ellendale fair. He has with him two fine colts that are ribbon-takers which he will exhibit at the fair.

Miss Nora Oelze, of this county, has a position in Lakeland asylum as attendent in ward No. 7. She writes to the News as she renews her subscription, that she is well pleased with her position, and thinks Lakeland a lovely place.

Rev. S. G. Shelly will not preach at Holt chapel, next Saturday night as has been advertised, but he will make his regular appointmen there next Sunday at eleven o'clock a. m. and at 8 o'clock, p. m., he will preach at the Elm street Methodist church.

Dr. John M Cohen, the noted oculist and optician, will be at A. R. Fisher's Drug Store in this city, Sept. 10, 11 and 12. Anybody suffering with any disease of the eye or needing spectacles will do well to call on him. Examination and consultation free, and satisfaction guaranteed.

The sad news reached relatives here yesterday that Benedict Beavan, who moved from this city to Caneyville a few months ago had lost two children by scarlet fever.

On the 19th, George, twenty months old, took sick, and he died July 24th. One day before his little brother's death, Paul, four years of age was stricken with the same dread disease, and after a short illness of only three days, he yulided up his spirit last Sunday, the 26th inst. They were both buried in the Catholic, cemetery at Leitchfield.

The many friends here of Mr. and Mrs. Beavin join the News in extending heartfelt sympathy, in this, their dark hour of distress

"Daisy" Beavin says: This is the worst time to argue politics I ever saw Why I will be just spreading my self to some fellow from out in the country, thinking that I am just playing h—l generally with this free silver craze, as they call it, when he will ask me a few questions and I get all tangled up. Then I soon discover that the jay knows more about this money question than I do."

The Harvest Home picnic given at Stephensport last Saturday was a splendid success, financially, socially and in every other way. The Hon W. E. Minor and young Mr. Adkisson told some truths about the political issues of the day, while Stuart's band filled up the intervening hours with their most charming music. It was a delightful day and everybody present so expressed themselves, especially the Cloverport crowd.

A large crowd was in town last Thursday to attend the trial of James Crenshaw and Pete Ballman for fighting Judge Gregory was sick and County Attorney Miller had the case transferred to Hardinsburg. The fight occurred at McGavock's School house one night about two weeks ago, and Ballman got cut pretty badly with a knife, one of his cheeks being laid open for three inches The belligerents are both youths, but still it is said there was a woman in the case.

Buck Harrington and that same mule had a cleaner job of it this time. They were out with the laundry last Saturday afternoon delivering laundry, when the mule concluded to cut another caper. He started about the Napper Hotel around on Second street, and came sailing in Poplar to Wall. Up Wall street he came till the wagon struck a locust tree at the edge of the sidewalk just above Fraize's store. All that was left of the wagon and harness in one piece was the whip Buck, knowing the nature of the mule jumped out early in the action and was not injured.

Mrs. Henry C. Boyd died in Washington City last Sunday, the 27th inst. The funeral took place Monday at the Foundry Methodist church, of which she was a member, and her remains were laid to rest in Oak Hill cemetery. Mrs. Boyd was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs Alf. Hennen, of Hawesville, while her husband is the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Boyd, of Cloverport. Deceased was about thirty-five years of age and had been married about fifteen years. About three years ago Mr. Boyd accepted a government position in Washington, and has kept his family there since The sympathy of many friends here is extended to the berieved families.

Weak eyes are made strong, dim vision made clear, styes are removed and granulated lids or sore eyes of any kind may be speedily and effectually cured by the use of Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve. It's put up in tubes and sold on a guarantee by all dealers.

NOTICE DEMOCRATS.

Precinct Conventions Will Be Held August 22—County Convention August 24—District August 27.

HARDINSBURG, KY., July 27, 1896.—In pursuance of the District Executive Committee of this, the Fourth Congressional District, a County Convention is hereby called to meet at Hardinsburg, Ky., Monday, August 24, 1896, at 2 o'clock P. M., standard time, for the purpose of selecting delegates to attend the District Convention, which meets at Elizabethtown, Ky., August 27, 1896 to nominate a candidate for Congress in this district Further for the purpose of selecting delegates to the County Convention, precinct meetings shall be held in each of the various precincts of the county at the usual voting place in said precinct at 2 o'clock, standard time, Saturday, August 22, 1896. Each precinct meeting shall select one delegate for each twenty-five votes and fraction over ten votes cast in said precinct for the Democratic candidate for Governor at the last State election. In no event shall any precinct have less than one delegate.

Basis of representation of the several precincts of the county are as follows:

Hardinsburg	Precinct	No. 1.	8 delegates
"	"	" 2.	4 "
"	"	" 3.	4 "
Cloverport	"	" 1.	3 "
"	"	" 2.	4 "
"	"	" 3.	6 "
Stephensport	"		4 "
Webster	"		5 "
Bewleyville	"		2 "
Big Spring	"		2 "
Custer	"		5 "
Hudsonville	"		2 "
Rockvale	"		6 "
McDaniels	"		4 "
Ball Town	"		3 "
Union Star	"		5 "
Mooleyville	"		3 "

The precinct committeeman in each precinct shall call meeting to order and preside over same, and if for any cause the committeeman fails to attend, or being present fails to call the meeting to order, the majority of those present and entitled to vote, shall select a chairman who shall preside; and the chairman and secretary of each Precinct Convention shall certify to the County Convention the credentials of the delegates from their respective precincts.

The foregoing must be carried out in all respects except at Hardinsburg and Cloverport, where the three precincts of each of those Magisterial Districts shall meet in joint meeting, if so desired, The precinct committeeman coming first in alphabetical order, shall call meeting to order and preside. but if said committeeman fails to attend, or being present fails to call meeting to order, then either of other committeemen present in said district shall act In case there is present no committeeman, than those present and entitled to vote, shall select a chairman who shall preside. All Democrats and Democratic youths, who will be legal voters at the next November election, and all others who indorse the National Democratic platform adopted at Chicago, and will support the Democratic candidate for Congress in this district, are invited to take part in these meetings.

J. WHITWORTH, Chair. B. Co. Dem. Com.
Dr. MILTON BOARD, Secretary.

Jerry Tilford "Sun Struck."

Last Friday's Owensboro Messenger said: Mr. Jerry Tilford, conductor on the local freight of the L. H. and St. L. was overcome by heat in the yards yesterday while switching and was prostrated. He was conveyed to the St. Frances hotel, where Drs. Hale and Pendleton were called in and succeeded in reviving him, and yesterday afternoon was regarded as out of danger, though still suffering from the shock, and will not be able to quit his room for a day or two.

IRVINGTON.

Injured in a Runaway—Mrs Bennett's Musicale—The Children's Picnic at Mrs. Lyddan's

Mrs Williams is in Hardinsburg this week.

Reubin Miller and wife are at Mr. Piggots.

Mr. and Mrs. Mayor have returned to Louisville.

Misses Fulenwider have returned to Alton, Ind.

Ellen Wathen is with her brother Ken Wathen.

Charlie Herndon is visiting in the city this week.

Dick Bandy and Bate Washington are on the sick list.

Miss Annie and May Tydings are with Mrs, Munford's family.

Mr. Dannie Spradin is hopping the counter for W. E. Brown.

Miss Lula Owen, of Cloverport, was in attendance at the musicale.

Dave Heron is ill at Dr. Frank's. His brother was called to see him.

Rev. Lewis filled the regular appointment of the Rev. Forrest Smith.

R. Mack Herndon and sister Annie May, are visiting their grandmother.

Mr. Wailet, of Hopkinsville, arrived here Saturday to see his wife and baby.

Miss Sallie Henry is fully recovered from a recent sickness and is out again.

Mrs. Garland Hendrick, of Indian Terrytory, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Kennedy.

Miss Lily McGlothlan has returned from "Camp Herndon" and reports a fine time.

The concert at Sandy Hill was well attended by our young people and praise is heard on all sides.

The musicale at Mrs. Bennett's was largely and highly enjoyed by every one, much credit is due the young ladies.

The children's picnic at the pleasant home of John Lyddan, was a success in every way. Good Mrs. Lyddan is noted for entertaining children especially.

H. W. Herndon is shaking the hands of the people of Irvington and vicinity. He can have a word, meet more friends in a given length of time than any candidate on the Populist ticket.

Misses Greenwood and Carter happened to quite a serious accident on their return from the musicale, Thursday night. Their horse became frightened threw them out of the surrey and broke Miss Greenwood's collar-bone, both sustained injuries, but not so serious as might have been, both are improving at this writing.

Mr. W. H. Smith, editor of The Argus Benton, Pa., recommends a remedy for diarrhoea which he has used with magical effect. "Several weeks ago," he says, "I purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and after using less than one-third of the contents the results were magical—effecting an entire cure. I heartily and cheerfully recommend the remedy to all suffering from diarrhoea." This remedy is for sale by A. R Fisher, druggist.

ANOTHER WRECK

On the Texas Causes One Man To Be Severely Injured and Others Slightly Hurt.

As the L. H. & St. L. east bound local freight was nearing Owensboro last Monday morning they struck a cow, and the engine and three or four cars left the track.

It was engine 14 with E. H. Zirkel engineer and Frank Hall fireman, both residents of this city.

The engine kept an upright position and ran about fifty feet on the ties and ground before she stopped. The engineer reversed the engine and jumped for his life, and suffered a severely sprained ankle. The fireman was out on the running board at the time, and he did not jump, but held to the engine and escaped with slight injury. The calf of one leg and his face were bruised and skinned, but he does not know how it happened nor by what he was struck.

The worst injured man was the front brakeman, James Stites. He was on a flat-car loaded with logs, and when his companions found him he was sitting on the car with both legs broken and the logs were all unloaded. The remainder of the crew were uninjured.

The east bound passenger was delayed four hours by the wreck, but it brought Zirkel and Hall home. Stites injuries may prove fatal, though there are possible chances for recovery.

LATER—Stites died yesterday morning

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25, cents per box. For sale by Short & Haynes.

NOTICE.

To the tax payers of the Fifth Magisterial District. I will be at Custer Aug. 18, Constantine Aug. 19, Hudsonville Aug. 20, Bunas Aug. 21. You are notified to meet me at said places and settle all taxes now due.

S. A. PATE, Sheriff.

John Farmer and Mrs. George Willson got in a dispute over the money question, and farmer was fined $1 00 and cost in the city court.

Chew Too-lip Gum,
Grow Rich and be
Happy.
All Dealers Sell It.

Tutt's Pills
Cure All
Liver Ills.
Twenty Years Proof.
Tutt's Liver Pills keep the bowels in natural motion and cleanse the system of all impurities An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, constipation and kindred diseases.
"Can't do without them"
R. P. Smith, Chilesburg, Va. writes I don't know how I could do without them. I have had Liver disease for over twenty years. Am now entirely cured.
Tutt's Liver Pills

BEWLEYVILLE.

Clara Jordan is Improving—Sam Pate Visiting Old Friends—Other Notes.

C. H. Drury was in Brandenburg Thursday.

Mrs. Adolphus Jordan has been sick for several days past.

Prof. Sam Pate, our ex-teacher, visits friends among us again.

Dr. Walker and wife called at 'Fair Lawn" Sunday afternoon.

Z. T. Stith has had several chills that worsted him considerably.

Hill Grove was well represented by Bewleyvillians Sunday, July 26.

All of our teachers attended the Institute at Hardinsburg last week.

Mrs. R. M. Jolly, of Irvington, spent Thursday a guest at "Dewey Heights."

Misses Lena Drury and Blanche Jolly are in Brandenburg visiting Mrs. John Frakes.

Miss Clara Jordan has been sick with typhoid fever for some time but is now improving.

Bevie Cain paid a very pleasant visit to her cousin, Nannie Lee Jolly, of Irvington, last week.

"The Tula Daniel Society" is the name the Juvenile Missionary Band, recently organized here, gave themselves.

Hard, beating rains, of which we have had an abundance, have damaged the corn fields and made terribly washed roads.

W. H. Cain, Jr., has a new Jersey calf he calls "Silver Star." She is a beauty and he takes great pleasure in showing her to his friends.

Mrs. J. D. Williams, of Mt. Vernon, Ill., who is spending the summer with Mrs. R M Jolly, was the guest of Mrs. Sallie Cain several days last week.

Hugh Hardaway, of Guston, passed through our town on his way to and from a visit to his sister, Mrs. Cale Hawkins, near Hardinsburg, last week.

Morris Jolly, Irvington, spent the two weeks just past visiting relatives in our vicinity. Morris' health is very much improved and we trust he will soon be entirely well.

Katie and Frank Stith, children from the Masonic Home, Louisville, after spending several weeks with their aunt, Mrs. T. P. Hardaway, went to Sirocco Saturday to visit relatives there.

Little kindnesses and attentions from one's friends in every day life give the heart a warm, satisfied feeling that sweetens this life. The beauty of the flower and fineness of the fruit give pleasure, but the friendship of which they are a token, is the lasting benefit.

The very warm weather and absence of nearly all the members kept us from having a League meeting this week, but Saturday, Aug 1 at half past seven let every body be on hands.

GOLDEN ROD.

Sutherland's Eagle Eye Salve is new and original in style of package and medical qualities. It is not only a cure for all kinds of sore eyes, but is guaranteed to give satisfaction as an ointment for all sores, piles, etc. By all dealers.

SHE WOULD NOT RETURN HOME.

A Meade County Girl Runs Away From home—Found by Her Father She Would Not Go Back.

[Owensboro Messenger]

A Mr. Troutman, of Meade county, was in the city Saturday night looking for his sixteen-year-old daughter, who ran away from home about a week ago. He found her at his brother's, Mr. Wm. Troutman's on the Leitchfield road, but she refused to go back home. Mr. Troutman then procured the aid of the police to get her to return, but she positively refused to go. The old gentleman broke down and wept bitterly because of her refusal to return home with him He left Saturday night for home, apparently heartbroken.

"N.S.I." is for sale by Jno. D. Babbage, Cloverport.

Women
How common are chronic diseases peculiar to women Women know they are due to deranged kidneys and failure of delicate organs to perform their natural functions.
WINTERSMITH'S
Buchu corrects the primary cause healing and strengthening these organs Its 35 years of success guarantees its value. Use it and you will have a clear complexion, and better health.
BUCHU.

WHEW!!

Ain't it just awful
Hot and dry--

Makes one feel like he wants some cooler Clothing—thin ones that makes these hot sizzling days more comfortable How does this strike you?

Tow Linen Pants

That catch every passing breeze—cool and the most fashionable thing out—get a pair to-day—make yourself comfortable.

UNDERWEAR

Thin, cool, strongly made, in all sizes, comfortable for summer wear.

UMBRELLAS

For Ladies and Gentlemen that will protect you from the glaring hot sun—all the different style handles.

STRAW HATS

Nothing looks neater than a nice Straw Hat—nothing more comfortable to the head than one We are closing out a line that you can save money by getting one this week

There Is a Breeze

Always moving when you have one of our pretty Fans'. They are great breeze stirers. A new line just in—Some new and dainty designs.

COME AND SEE.

J. C. NOLTE, Assignee. SULZER'S

J. M. NEHAN & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
For the Sale of Country Produce.
References—German Bank, Western Bank, Fidelity Trust Company
931 West Market Street, Between 9th and 10th, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Bethel College . . .
. . . Russellville, Ky.
Accessible. Healthful. NineSschools. Thorough Instruction. No Saloons. Expenses Moderate.
For Illustrated Catalogue address
W. S. RYLAND, President.

PERSIMMON FLAT.

Want a Thresher—School house Will Be Built by Taxation—Mrs. Holms Gone to Hardinsburg.

The health of the community good.

A goodly number from this place attended church at Hite's Run Sunday.

R H. Hawkins and wife were the guests of Mr. and Mrs Caleb Hawkins Sunday.

The Greenwood Bros. shipped six fine lambs last week but I have not learned prices paid.

Sherman Weatherholt, of Mowequa, Ill., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Weatherholt.

Misses Lucy Johnson, Ella Mattingly and Bertha Keys, of Cloverport, were guests at Jas. Johnson's Sunday.

Miss Nannie Russell, accompanied by Mr. Horace Cox, of Tobinsport, Ind., attended the picnic at Stephensport Saturday.

The entertainment, which is progressing so nicely at Hite's Run, will be given Friday night, Aug 7. I am satisfied it will be a success.

The farmers of this section are getting anxious for a threshing machine to come in for their oat crop is damaging on account of so much rain.

Mrs. Holms, of Evansville, Ind., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs Jas Johnson, of this place, went to Hardinsburg Sunday and will be the guest of Judge Wm. Ahl and family for a few days.

The trustees and patrons of this district met Saturday for the purpose of coming to some conclusion as to whether there should be a tax voted in this district or build a house by subscription. They acted wise and agreed that a tax would be best, and so we will have a good house, something we have needed for some time.

"N S. I." is the wonder of the 19th century.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MOST IN QUANTITY. BEST IN QUALITY.
WORMS!
WHITE'S CREAM
VERMIFUGE
FOR 20 YEARS
Has led all WORM Remedies.
EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Prepared by
RICHARDSON MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS.

Quick
Sales

We are going to do up things quick and if you want any of them you must be quick. Don't take time to ask questions or you will be to late.

Come at Once.

1 lot of blue and white embroideries worth 7c, quick price 3c.
1 lot of blue prints worth 6c to do up quick 4c.
2 pieces of dotted grass cloth worth 15c. Our quick price only 7½c per yard
10 doz. napkins white and fancy stripe worth 90 at 50c.
40 pcs heavy brown cotton, regular price 6c our price 4c.
20 doz ladies fast black hose worth 10c our quick price 5c.
Picture frames worth anywhere $1 our price 50.
Ladies if you want any remnants of carpets we will close them out at half cost price,
10 pcs heavy straw matting sold at 15c price now 10c.
3 bars best buttermilk soap 10c
White kid belts extra quality 35c.
Leather belts black and tan 40c quality at 25c.
50 pair ladies' white kid gloves worth $1.25 at 98c.
25 pair ladies' shirt Waist sets worth 50 at 24c.
1 lot gents cuff buttons worth 25c at 10c
See our new line of laces, floor oil cloth extra heavy, quick price 25c.
1 lot of ladies' button shoes custom made nice fine quality, size 2, 3, 4, only. These goods are worth $2 and 2½ to close out quick at 1 25.
Just received 1 lot of fall capes all wool dark colors worth $3 00 quick prices 1 25.
Nice dress ginghams worth 15c quick prices 7c.
Great reductions in our Clothing Department.
1 lot of light colored all wool suits former price was $10.00. Our quick price will be only 3 00
Come quick if you want one
All our hats, men's shoes have been greatly reduced in price.
Come quick if you want these bargains.

The Great Bargain Store,
Geo. Yeakel & Co.,
BRANDENBURG, KY.

W. K. BARNES. A. R. KINCHELOE
BARNES & KINCHELOE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
HARDINSBURG, KY.
Collections and enforcement of liens given special attention.

Leavening Power—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE SPIRIT OF TORYISM.

Has Always Existed in Opposition to Democracy—For Plutocrats to Kick is Nothing New.

The cry of alarm which the organs of the money power have raised in the present campaign is not without its precedent in the early days of the republic.

When Thomas Jefferson first enunciated the principles of the democratic party, he was openly denounced by the members of the opposing party who charged him with plotting the destruction of the goverment.

Having just returned from France, where he represented this country in a diplomatic capacity, he was accused of having imbibed the spirit of the French revolution and of being a man entirely too dangerous to be trusted.

Jefferson, however, laid the foundation of a national prosperity such as this country has never before enjoyed.

When Andrew Jackson made his appearance in public life he was assailed by every vicious term which could be found in the vocabulary of abuse. The administration of Jackson, however, not only inaugrated an era of prosperity, but it placed the goverment on such a firm financial basis that public confidence could not be disturbed.

Every great reform movement brings out a spirit of toryism which vents itself in foul prediction of disaster. But in spite of these predictions the country prospers

The New York Journal, in a recent editorial, calls attention to the fact that two of its contemporaries, The Evening post and The Commercial Advertiser, have been in existence for something over a hundred years, and that among their own files could be found the charges which the organs of the money power in those days had hurled against the democratic party.

Referring to these files, The Journal says:

In the campaign of 1800 "Marcellus" supposed to be Hamilton, predicted in The Commercial Advertiser that Jefferson, if elected, would turn out every Federalist office holder, "tumble the financial system of the country into ruin at one stroke," and thus of necessity stop all payment of interest on the public debt and bring on "universal bankruptcy and beggary." He would dismantle the navy, so that "every vessel which floated from our shores would be plundered or captured." The scarred veterans of the revolution, deprived of their pensions, would be seen "starving in the street, or living on the cold and precarious supplies of charity." The officers of the goverment, unable to collect their salaries, would resign and counterfeiting would be practiced with impunity.

Subsequent events proved these predictions to be utterly without foundation. The policy of Mr. Jefferson was radical but strictly American, and it eventuated in unbroken national prosperity.

Continuing this discussion, The Journal observes:

Even after Jefferson's election the alarmists continued their gloomy predictions for a time. The Eveing Post, which from its very earliest days have had the habit of collecting its valuable opinions in pamphlet form, putting them on sale in its counting room, and then suppressing them when it finds it advisable to alter its course, attacked his first message in a series articles signed "Lucius Crassus." The verdict of Crassus, otherwise The Post, was that:

The message of the president, by whatever motive it may have been dictated, is a performance which ought to alarm all who are anxious for the safety of our Goverment, for the respectability and welfare of our nation. It makes are aims at making a most prodigious sacrifice of constitutional energy, of sound principle and of public interest to the popularity of one man."

The malicious flings which the organs of the money power have made at Mr. Bryan in this campaign are no more reprehensible than those which were made at Mr. Jefferson in the early part of the century. Just as the cause of the people triumphed under Jefferson, and subsequently under Jackson, so it will triumph in the present campaign under the standard bearer of democracy.

Why suffer with Coughs, Colds and LaGrippe when LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE will cure you in one day. Does not produce the ringing in the head like Sulphate of Quinine. Put up in tablets convenient for taking. Guaranteed to cure, or money refunded. Price, 25 Cents. For sale by A. R. Fisher.

How a Woman Paid Her Debts.

A lady in Lexington says: "I am out of debt; and thanks to the Dishwasher business. In the past six weeks I have made $530. Every house-keeper wants a dishwasher, and any intelligent person can sell them with big profit to himself. The Dishwasher is lovely, you can wash and dry the family dishes in two minutes, and without wetting your hands. You can get particulars by addressing, The Mound City Dishwasher Co., St. Louis, Mo. There is big money in the business for an agent. I expect to clear $4,000 the coming year. I need the money, why not make it? Miss C. E.

McDANIELS.

Dr. Hart Sells His Cattle—Corwile is Out on Bond—Milt Coke Will Teach at Jolly Station.

Mr. Sam Parson has the typhoid fever.

Mrs Charley Jarboe is on the sick list.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

W. F. Dockery has purchased a fine horse

Milton Coke has the Jolly station school.

Mrs Elias Cannon fell and broke her arm, Tuesday night.

W. T. Cannon has gone to St. Louis to the Populist Convention.

Joe Parson and family visited Ruth last Saturday and Sunday.

Dr. J. H. Hart has sold his fifty head of fine steers at 3½ cts. per lb.

Ed McDonald of Henderson is visiting his father's family at this place

John Carwile the man who killed Bill Earley is out on bail of $500.

Miss Olive Adkisson, the milliner, has left for her home in Meade County.

Jarboe Bro's. have purchased Dr. McMullin store house and lot for the sum of $100.

Henry Cannon will teach the fall school at this place, beginning the first Monday in August.

S. H. Henegar's little daughter who has been so sick, at her grandpa's, is now better and gone home.

Dr. McMullin has purchased the farm and handsome residence of Milton Coke formly the Whittinghill property for the sum of $900.

Nick Murcer, of Kansas is visiting friends and relatives in this comunity, he gives a glowing discription of that country. He will return in about one month.

Every opportunity we omit obscures some pleasure we might have known. A woman who is troubled with nervous headaches and omits to try and cure them by Ramon's Tonic Liver Pills obscures all the pleasure of perfect health. This famous remedy is the greatest specific ever known for the cure of biliousness, sour stomach, and all forms of disordered liver. It works gently yet effectually. Give it one trial. It costs but 25 cents, and your druggist keeps it. Sample dose free.

PISGAH.

Pad Keenan's Mules Ran Off with a Mowing Machine—New Culvert Needed at Iron Ore Spring.

Miss Furrow, Beech Fork, was the guest of Miss Beatrice Taul Sunday.

V. B. Barton, Rock Vale, was the guest of C. D. Hambleton Saturday night.

R. E. Newman visited his uncle, B. F. DeJernette, Hancock county, last week.

Misses Ruby and Nannie Ryan are attending the teachers institute at Hardinsburg.

Mrs Joseph Campbell is visiting her father, Mr. Henry Willson, Hancock County.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe. Campbell gave a social Wednesday night in honor of their friend, Mr. Lee Jones.

Misses Maggie and Effie Hambleton visited their aunt, Mrs Letitia Brickey Saturday, and attended church at Clover Creek Sunday.

Sam'l Taul, Gleaudean, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Taul Balltown, and Mr. and Mrs. Joe Mullen were gusts of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Taul, Sunday.

Pad Keenan's mules ran away with his mowing machine at Wm. Brickeys Wednesday, the only damage was to the machine which was pretty badly wrecked.

If Squire Walker doesn't order lumber for a Culvert at the Iron Ore Spring we will all have to go around by Balltown to get to Cloverport this winter. It is almost impossible to get through that mud-hole now.

VERY GOOD REASONS

Why a Republican Is Under No Obligation to Support the Gold Bug Platform.

Cincinnati Enquirer

CINCINNATI—CAN YOU GIVE ME A SINGLE REASON WHY A REPUBLICAN SHOULD VOTE FOR FREE SILVER?

OHIO REPUBLICAN.

Well, from a partisan standpoint, and as an illustration close to home, you might base your action on the following resolution, which was adopted by the Republican Sixty-second General Assembly in 1877, after General Charles Grosvenor, then Speaker and now chief mathematician of the McKinley management, had made a powerful speech in its advocacy:

"Resolved, by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, That common honesty to the taxpayer, the letter and the spirit of the contract under which the great body of its indebtedness was assumed by the United States, and true financial wisdom, each and all demanded the restoration of the silver dollar to its former rank as lawful money."

If you require something more recent, why take this declaration from the National Republican platform of 1888, which was heartily indorsed by Governor Foraker, Charles Foster, Major McKinley, Major Butterworth and the rest of the Ohio delegation to the Chicago Convention which failed to nominate Senator Sherman for President:

"The Republican party is in favor of the use of both gold and silver as money, and condemns the policy of the Democratic Administration in its efforts to demonetise silver,"

Here in the same line, is the financial declaration of the Republican National Convention of 1892:

"The American people from tradition and interest, favor bimetallism, and the Republican party demands the use of both gold and silver as standard money, with such restrictions and under such provisions, to be determined by legislation, as will secure the mainteuance of the parity of values of the two metals, so that the purchasing and debt-paying power of the dollar, whether of silver, gold or paper, shall be at all times equal. The interests of the producers of the country, its farmers and its workingmen, demand that every dollar, paper or coin, issued by the Government shall be as good as any other. We commend the wise and patriotic steps already taken by our Government to secure an International conference to adopt such measures as will insure a parity of value between gold and silver for use as money throughout the world."

"A stitch in time."—A dose of Ayer's Pills has saved many a fit of sickness; but when a remedy does not happen to be at hand, slight ailments are liable to be neglected, and the result, frequently, is serious illness; therefore always be supplied with Ayer's Pills.

Ice Cream Made by a New Process.

I have an Ice Cream Freezer that will freeze cream instantly. The cream is put into the freezer and comes out instantly, smooth and perfectly frozen. This astonishes people and a crowd will gather to see the freezer in operation and they will all want to try the cream. You can sell cream as fast as it can be made and sell freezers to many of them who would not buy an old style freezer. It is really a curiosity and you can sell from $5 to $8 worth of cream and six to twelve freezers every day. This makes a good profit these hard times and is a pleasant employment. J. F. Casey & Co., 1143 St Charles St., St. Louis, Mo., will send full particulars and information in regard to this new invention on application and will employ good salesmen on salary.

TALLYING PINEAPPLES.

Quick Work Done in Handling the Fruit on the New York Wharf.

The pineapple season lasts from about March 1 to about Aug. 1. New York gets pineapples from the Florida keys, from the West Indies and from the Bahamas. Some come in steamers, some in sailing vessels. Pineapples from Havana by steamer are brought in barrels and crates. Pineapples brought in sailing vessels are brought mostly in bulk—not thrown in loosely, however, but snugly stowed, so that as many as possible may be got into a vessel.

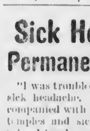
On the wharfs here pineapples brought in bulk are handled with great celerity. Men in the hold of the vessel fill bushel baskets with them and hand the baskets up on deck, where they are passed along and set up on the stringpiece of the wharf. The trucks in which they are to be carted away are backed down handy. A box of suitable height, and which is as long as the truck is wide, is placed at the end of the truck. A man standing near on the wharf lifts the baskets from the stringpiece and sets them up on this box. Two men stand at the box, each with a basket of pineapples in front of him, to count the pines and throw them into the truck, which has racks at the sides; lengths of board are placed across the end as the load rises. Two men stand in the truck to level the fruit as it comes to them.

The two counters are experts, and they work with great rapidity and steadiness, keeping pineapples going all the time. Each man picks up two pineapples at a time, one with each hand, and gives them a toss into the truck, both men counting as they go along, one after another, "one," "two," "three," "four," "five," and so on up, each count meaning two pineapples. When they strike "one hundred," the tallyman makes a straight chalk mark on the end of the truck; that stands for 200 pineapples. While he is making the chalk mark the other counter keeps right on, and he may have got up to "two" or "three" again, for it takes a second or two to make the chalk mark, but by that time the tallyman is at it again chiming in with "four," and away they go together again, counting up rapidly toward another hundred. If a man on the load finds a specked pine, he drops it over the side of the truck into a basket that stands there, and says: "One out." The tallyman tosses in one without counting, to keep the count good.

As fast as the counters empty the baskets they push them off the box, and the man at the stringpiece sets up a full one in its place and the counters keep the pineapples going without cessation. At the fifth hundred the tallyman makes a mark diagonally across the four he has already made, in the commonly used method of tallying freight; but these five marks here stand for 1,000 pineapples. On a double truck there are usually carried from 4,500 to 5,500 pineapples; on a single truck, from 2,000 to 3,500.—New York Sun.

Sick Headache Permanently Cured

"I was troubled, a long time, with sick headache. It was usually accompanied with severe pains in the temples and sickness at the stomach. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I began taking



AYER'S

Pills that I received anything like permanent benefit. A single box of these pills did the work for me, and I am now a well man." C. H. HUTCHINGS, East Auburn, Me.

For the rapid cure of Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nausea, and all disorders of Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, take

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.

Ask your druggist for Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

BURIAL OF POPE PIUS IX.

The Body Walled Up in a Temporary Tomb Until It Is Put In the Crypt.

Few saw the scene which followed when the good pope's body had lain four days in state and was then placed in its coffin at night, to be hoisted high and swung noiselessly into the temporary tomb above the small door on the east side—that is, to the left of the Chapel of the Choir. It was for a long time the custom that each pope should lie there until his successor died, when his body was removed to the monument prepared for it in the meantime, and the pope just dead was laid in the same place.

The church was almost dark, and only in the Chapel of the Choir and that of the Holy Sacrament, which are opposite each other, a number of big wax candles shed a yellow light. In the niche over the door a mason was still at work, with a tallow dip, clearly visible from below. The triple coffins stood before the altar in the Chapel of the Choir. Opposite, where the body still lay, the Noble guards and the Swiss guards, in their breastplates, kept watch with drawn swords and halberds.

The Noble guards carried the bier on their shoulders in solemn procession, with chanting choir, robed bishops and tramping soldiers, round by the Confession and across the church and lifted the body into the coffin. The pope had been very much beloved by all who were near him, and more than one gray haired prelate shed tears of genuine grief that night.

In the coffin, in accordance with an ancient custom, a bag was placed containing 93 medals, one of gold, one of silver and one of bronze for each of the 31 years during which Pope Pius had reigned, and a history of the pontificate, written on parchment, was also deposited at the feet of the body.

When the leaden coffin was soldered, six seals were placed upon it, five by cardinals and one by the archivist of the Chapter of St. Peter's. During the whole ceremony the prothonotary apostolic, the chancellor of the apostolic chamber and the notary of the Chapter of St. Peter's were busy, pen in hand, writing down the detailed protocol of the proceedings.

The last absolution was pronounced, and the coffin in its outer case of elm was slowly moved out and raised in slings and gently swung into the niche. The masons bricked up the opening in the presence of cardinals and guards, and long before midnight the marble slab, carved to represent the side of a sarcophagus, was in its place with its simple inscription, "Pius IX, P. M."—Marion Crawford in Century.

TURNER, THE ARTIST.

Some Unflattering Pen Portraits of the Great Master of Landscape.

On the whole, the portraits of Turner in after life cannot be said to be satisfactory or convincing. Turner's was doubtless a baffling face, full of character, which was difficult to seize without caricature, showing little of the fine spirit and poetical feeling which were displayed in his works and becoming coarser and redder as he advanced in life—a face that rejected all attempts at idealization, at least in the hands of those who tried.

None of the written descriptions of him is very attractive: "A red Jewish face, with staring bluish gray eyes, the smallest and dirtiest hands on record; his complexion was very coarse and weather beaten; his cuticle that of a stagecoachman or an old man-of-war's boatswain"—this, according to Thornbury, was the impression he made on "less enthusiastic friends." "Turner had fine, intelligent eyes, dark blue or mazarine," said Mr. Trimmer, his old friend; "but, as it is said of Swift's, they were heavy rather than animated." Leslie writes: "There was, in fact, nothing elegant in his appearance—full of elegance as he was in art. He might have been taken for the captain of a river steamer at first sight, but a second would find far more in his face than belongs to any ordinary mind." Unfortunately no artist has recorded that "second" sight. Mr. Watts, if he had tried, might have done so, but who else?—Cosmo Monkhouse in Scribner's.

Where Was He?

The Forfarshire lairds of a remote day were wont to go weekly to great Dundee, not so great then, to dine early, but too well, and ride away home, not in every case very fit for the saddle. The road ran eastward for some miles on a height above the Tay, a steep grassy slope down to the Firth. One of the old gentlemen (they were gentlemen) rolled off his horse and rolled away down the declivity. The water at the edge was only a few inches deep at that season of the tide, and there he lay. By and by some one remarked that the laird's saddle was empty, though his horse was trotting on with the others. So the party turned back, looking for the missing man, and exclaiming: "Faar are ye, Balnawiggin? Faar are ye?" At length a voice was heard, coming from far below. "The Lord knows faar I am. But I canna be in hell, for here's water!"—Longman's Magazine.

Cruel.

Miss Antique—How sad the thought that in a hundred years all we know will be gone!

Miss Pert—Console yourself! You will have a chance to make new acquaintances.—Detroit Free Press.

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All About Love.

"Say, I'm in love," confided the faro dealer to the lookout during a lull in the play.

"Why, you don't know what love is," laughed the lookout.

"Don't you believe it," retorted the dealer. "Love is a game that Cupid deals. He has a crooked layout, and the bank wins every bet. If you copper a case in his game it's sure to win; if you play a case open it loses, and you're in big luck if you don't get whipsawed in every turn. If a man calls the turn it's a 1 to 10 shot he drops dead."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A Regal Bridal Gift.

A good story is told of the late Baron Hirsch. A charming young girl, well known in London society, married an equally well known guardsman. Neither was overrich. The baron's wedding gift—at the instigation of the Prince of Wales—was a special train to Constantinople and back for the honeymoon and a three weeks' stay at the best hotel in Constantinople.—London Tit-Bits.

Candling eggs is the one infallible way to test them. This is done in a dark room with a candle, gas or electric light. When the egg is held close to the light, if fresh it will appear a pinkish yellow, and if otherwise it will be dotted with opaque spots or be entirely dark.

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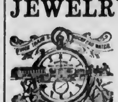

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